

ABSTRAK

JULI YOHANA SITANGGANG, NIM.3203131025, "Analisis Kebutuhan Fasilitas Sosial Ekonomi di Kecamatan Pangururan, Kabupaten Samosir." Skripsi. Jurusan Pendidikan Geografi Fakultas Ilmu Sosial. Universitas Negeri Medan.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk (1) Mengidentifikasi kebutuhan fasilitas sosial (pendidikan dan kesehatan) di Kecamatan Pangururan, Kabupaten Samosir sesuai dengan jumlah penduduk. (2) Menganalisis kebutuhan fasilitas ekonomi (pasar dan bank) di Kecamatan Pangururan, Kabupaten Samosir. (3) Menganalisis persepsi masyarakat terhadap fasilitas sosial ekonomi di Kecamatan Pangururan, Kabupaten Samosir.

Penelitian ini dilaksanakan di Kecamatan Pangururan, Kabupaten Samosir. Populasi secara fisik adalah seluruh wilayah Kecamatan Pangururan, Kabupaten Samosir, dan populasi secara sosialnya adalah seluruh masyarakat di Kecamatan Pangururan yang berjumlah 37.371 jiwa. Sampel penelitian ini sebanyak 140 orang. Teknik pengambilan data yang digunakan adalah observasi, kuesioner, dan dokumentasi. Adapun teknik analisis data yang digunakan adalah analisis deskriptif dan analisis spasial.

Hasil Penelitian menunjukkan kebutuhan fasilitas sosial ekonomi di Kecamatan Pangururan mencukupi jumlahnya terhadap penduduk, namun distribusinya belum merata dan terkonsentrasi di pusat kota. Persepsi masyarakat menunjukkan kategori *Baik* (skor 61,94%), tetapi masih ada keluhan terhadap akses dan kualitas, terutama di daerah pinggiran. Persebaran fasilitas sosial ekonomi menunjukkan ketimpangan, dengan beberapa fasilitas tersebar merata dan lainnya masih acak, terutama di sektor pendidikan dasar dan kesehatan.

Kata Kunci : Kebutuhan, Fasilitas Sosial Ekonomi, Persepsi Masyarakat

ABSTRACT

JULI YOHANA SITANGGANG, NIM. 3203131025, "Analysis of Socio-Economic Facility Needs in Pangururan District, Samosir Regency." Undergraduate Thesis. Department of Geography Education, Faculty of Social Sciences, State University of Medan.

This study aims to: (1) Identify the needs for social facilities (education and health) in Pangururan District, Samosir Regency based on the population size. (2) Analyze the needs for economic facilities (markets and banks) in Pangururan District, Samosir Regency. (3) Analyze the public perception of socio-economic facilities in Pangururan District, Samosir Regency.

The research was conducted in Pangururan District, Samosir Regency. The physical population includes the entire area of Pangururan District, while the social population consists of all residents of Pangururan District, totaling 37,371 people. The sample size of the study was 140 respondents. Data collection techniques used were observation, questionnaires, and documentation. The data analysis techniques applied were descriptive analysis and spatial analysis.

The results of the study show that the number of socio-economic facilities in Pangururan District is sufficient relative to the population; however, their distribution is uneven and concentrated in the city center. Public perception falls under the "Good" category (score of 61.94%), though there are still complaints regarding access and quality, especially in peripheral areas. The spatial distribution of socio-economic facilities indicates disparity, with some facilities evenly distributed while others are randomly located, particularly in the sectors of basic education and healthcare.

Keywords: Needs, Socio-Economic Facilities, Public Perception