

ABSTRAK

Nurul Aulia Munthe. 5191142015. “Hubungan Kemandirian Belajar Dengan Hasil Praktek Membuat Cokelat Praline Di SMK Telkom 2 Medan”. Pendidikan Kesejahteraan Keluarga. Pendidikan Tata Boga. Fakultas Teknik. Universitas Negeri Medan. 2024.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui: (1) Kemandirian Belajar; (2) Hasil Praktek Membuat Cokelat Praline; (3) Hubungan Kemandirian Belajar Terhadap Hasil Praktek Membuat Cokelat Peraline. Tempat Penelitian di SMK Telkom 2 Medan. Waktu penelitian bulan Februari - Mei 2024. Populasi penelitian ini seluruh siswa kelas XI Tata Boga dengan jumlahh 38 orang siswa. Desain penelitian ini adalah deskriptif korelasional. Teknik pengumpulan data menggunakan angket dan penilaian hasil praktik mengolah cokelat praline. Teknik analisis data secara deskriptif, tingkat kecenderungan data, dan uji persyaratan analisis dengan uji linear dan uji normalitas. Uji hipotesis dengan uji produk moment dan uji koefisien determinasi.

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa: (1) Tingkat kecenderungan variabel kemandirian belajar termasuk cenderung cukup sebesar 63,16 persen. (2) Tingkat kecenderungan hasil praktek membuat cokelat praline siswa cenderung kompeten sebesar 73,68 persen. (3) Hasil analisis korelasi *Product Moment* terdapat hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara Kemandirian Belajar dengan hasil praktek membuat cokelat praline siswa siswa dengan koefisien korelasi *Product Moment* $r_{xy} = 0,85$. Artinya semakin tinggi kemandirian belajar maka semakin tinggi hasil praktek membuat cokelat praline. Hasil koefisien determinasi sebesar 72,25 persen, artinya keamandirian belajar memberikan kontribusi sebesar 72,25 persen terhadap hasil praktek membuat cokelat praline, sedangkan 27,75 persen dari faktor lain yang diluar penelitian ini.



ABSTRACT

Nurul Aulia Munthe. 5191142015. "The Relationship between Learning Independence and the Results of Practice in Making Praline Chocolate at Telkom 2 Vocational School Medan". Family Welfare Education. Culinary Education. Faculty of Engineering. Medan State University. 2024.

This research aims to determine: (1) Learning Independence; (2) Practice Results for Making Praline Chocolate; (3) The relationship between learning independence and the results of the practice of making Peraline chocolate. Research Place at Telkom 2 Vocational School Medan. The research period is February - May 2024. The research population is all students in class XI Culinary Arts with a total of 38 students. The design of this research is descriptive correlational. Data collection techniques use questionnaires and assessment of the results of praline chocolate processing practices. Descriptive data analysis techniques, data trend levels, and analysis requirements tests using linear tests and normality tests. Test the hypothesis with the product moment test and coefficient of determination test.

Based on the results of this research, it shows that: (1) The trend level for the learning independence variable tends to be quite 63.16 percent. (2) The trend level of students' practice results in making peraline chocolate tends to be 73,68 percent. (3) The results of the Product Moment correlation analysis show a positive and significant relationship between Learning Independence and the results of students' practice of making praline chocolate with the Product Moment $r_{xy} = 0,85$. This means that the higher the learning independence, the higher the results of the practice of making praline chocolate. The coefficient of determination result was 72.25 percent, meaning that learning independence contributed 72.25 percent to the results of the practice of making praline chocolate, while 27.75 percent came from other factors outside this research.

