

ABSTRAK

WINDA WIDYA FITRI. Hubungan Gaya Belajar Dengan Motivasi Belajar Siswa. Kelas VII SMP NEGERI 27 Medan Tahun Ajaran 2023/2024. Skripsi. Medan : Fakultas Ilmu Pendidikan. Universitas Negeri Medan. 2024.

Penelitian ini dilakukan untuk mengetahui Hubungan Gaya Belajar Dengan Motivasi Belajar Siswa kelas VII SMP Negeri 27 Medan Tahun Ajaran 2022/2023. Metode Penelitian Yang digunakan adalah penelitian kuantitatif korelasi. Pengambilan sampel dalam penelitian menggunakan *Random Sampling* dengan menggunakan rumus *Slovin*. Besar sampel adalah 95 orang siswa. Alat pengumpulan data yang digunakan adalah angket. Validitas angket diperoleh dengan product moment correlation serta uji reliabilitas diperoleh dengan uji *cronbach alpha*. Uji hipotesis menggunakan rumus product moment dari person dengan bantuan *SPSS25. For Windows*. Hasil analisis menunjukkan $R = 0,593$ Gaya belajar visual (X_1), $R = 0,658$ Gaya belajar auditorial (X_2), $R = 0,330$ Gaya Belajar kinestetik dengan $R = 1$ Motivasi belajar. Berdasarkan hasil ini dikemukakan hipotesis penelitian: Terdapat adanya hubungan gaya belajar kategori kuat gaya belajar auditorial 0,658 (X_2), gaya belajar kategori sedang gaya belajar visual 0,593 (X_1), gaya belajar kategori rendah gaya belajar kinestetik 0,330 (X_3) dengan Motivasi belajar kategori sangat rendah 1 (Y) ini maka dapat dikemukakan Gaya Belajar berhubungan dengan Motivasi Belajar siswa SMP NEGERI 27 Medan diterima.

Kata Kunci: Gaya Belajar dan Motivasi Belajar

ABSTRACT

WINDA WIDYA FITRI. The Relationship between Learning Styles and Students' Learning Motivation. Class VII SMP NEGERI 27 Medan T. 2023/2024. Skripsi. Medan : Faculty of Education. Universitas Negeri Medan. 2024.

This research was conducted to determine the relationship between learning style and learning motivation of class VII students at SMP Negeri 27 Medan for the 2022/2023 academic year. The research method used is quantitative correlation research. Sampling in the research used Random Sampling using the Slovin formula. The sample size was 95 students. The data collection tool used was a questionnaire. The validity of the questionnaire was obtained by product moment correlation and the reliability test was obtained by the Cronbach alpha test. Test the hypothesis using the person product moment formula with the help of SPSS25. For Windows. The analysis results show $R = 0.593$ Visual learning style (X_1), $R = 0.658$ Auditory learning style (X_2), $R = 0.330$ Kinesthetic learning style with $R = 1$ Motivation to learn. Based on these results, a research hypothesis is put forward: There is a relationship between learning style in the strong category, auditory learning style 0.658 (X_2), learning style in the medium category, visual learning style 0.593 (X_1), learning style in the low category, kinesthetic learning style 0.330 (X_3) with learning motivation in the very category. This low 1 (Y) means that Learning Style is related to the Learning Motivation of students at SMP NEGERI 27 Medan and is accepted.

Keywords: Learning Style and Learning Motivation