Professional Educator Character of Pedagogical Student in Medan State University

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Abstract:- State University of Medan has a motto, The Character Building University, the only one university had been implementing science education and producing teachers in Indonesia. This study was purposed to analyze the grade of actually professional teacher character reached by pedagogical learner, State university of Medan and to know its gap from ideally professional teacher character. This study was descriptively using research subjects from seven faculties, 18 departments/study programs, 670 students. The research findings showed that actually professional teacher character reached by learner included good, with gap from ideally professional teacher character included low. However, to the aspect of basic character, achievement grade of actually professional character included low and its gap from ideally professional teacher character included high. To the aspect of supporting and main character, achievement grade of actually professional character included high, and its gap from ideally professional teacher character included low.

Keywords:- Professional educator character; pedagogical student

I. INTRODUCTION

Character was an important study topic to be able to determine individual's destinity. Character is destinity (Heraclitus) (Lickona, 1991, 2012; McCain and Salter, 2009; Menanti dkk, 2015; Murad, 2017). In Indonesia education world, educator profession is deeply honored by society because of aiming to make learner independence. It can both increase and decrease destinity, character is classic one (be in a long life of human) and dynamic (alterable). The two things become judgment that character, including professional educator character, is important to study, to research, and to strenghthen, also to rehabilitate through various strategies and approaches of character education. Education character was an essential part in the school, however less concerned. (Zubaedi, 2011), however again, it currently becomes important part in each educational level in Indonesia.

Medan State University is one of nine universities in Indonesia operationalizing pedagogical personnel education besides operationalizing sciences education (non pedagogic). Medan State University has seven faculties operationalizing pedagogical path education and non pedagogical, namely Faculty of Education Science, Faculty of Language and Linguistic, Faculty of Social Sciences,

Faculty of Mathematic and Natural Science, Faculty of Technic, Faculty of Sport Science, and Faculty of Economy, (Guidelines Book of Medan State University, 2017). The so big amount of students within each faculties in State University of Medan and professionalism requirements become reasonably judgment to research pedagogic student's attainment in meeting professional educator character. The university existence as pedagogical personnel establisher is above strengthened by State University of Medan with motto as The Character Building University, then important to examine on the pedagogical learner's professionalism of State University of Medan in their characters as teacher candidates.

Referring to observation results as lecturer in State University of Medan since 1985 up to nowadays (2018), the fenomena indicated that Pedagogical learner's professional character in State University of Medan needed reinforcement. This was indicated by student's expression lack of self-confidential to be able to be professional teacher, meanwhile, State University of Medan would like to produce skillfully, characterized, morally pedagogical student graduates in State University of Medan as written in Indonesia National Education Goal (Republic Laws of Indonesia, Number 20 Year 2003). Besides that, Government Rule of Republic of Indonesia Number 19 Year 2005, Chapter VI, Section 36, Article (1) emphasized that "pedagogical personnel in higher education must have qualification, competence, and certification in accordance with his task field", and Republic Laws of Indonesia Number 14 Year 2005, Chapter II, Section 2, Article (1) stated that teacher is "professional personnel on the stage of basic education, junior and senior high school education, and early age child education". According to Republic Laws of Indonesia Year 2005 and Year 2003 as elaborated above, State University of Medan had the first objective to produce "professional and excellence graduates" (Guidelines book of State University of Medan, 2017).

The currently researches had been done in Medan State University in related to character, they were "professional Counselor Character" (Menanti et al, 2015), and "Level of counseling teacher's actualization in Professional Counselor Character (Murad, 2015). These both researchers need to follow up with research on Professional Educator Character of pedagogical student. In this opportunity, the researcher examined "Actual Professional Educator Character to pedagogical student, Medan State University", because of support as follows: (1) Strategy issues of Research Institution in Medan State

University Year 2015-2020 were to promote internal capacity, such as doing soft skill reinforcement and competitiveness increases that can be achieved by owning human resources based on professionalism (Strategic Plan of Medan State University Year 2015-2020, 2013); (2) Research umbrella of Education Science Faculty and excellence research in the department of Education and Guidance Psychology, Education Science Faculty, Medan State University was partly about pedagogical student's professionalism; (3) Character essential views that character building meant to prepare individual to be able to live independently in society (Rasmita, 2010), character determined youngster's direction in making decision and acting (Prayitno and Manulang, 2010).

II. FORMULATION OF THE PROBLEM

- A. How can the character grade of actual professional educator be achieved by pedagogical student in State University of Medan?
- B. How was the gap grade of actual professional educator character achieved by pedagogical student, State University of Medan, from ideally professional educator character?

III. A REVIEW OF THE LITERATURE

A. The Meaning of Character and Professional Educator Character

Character appears from Greek word, "charassein", which means goods or equipment to scratch, which was then comprehended as stamp (Adisusilo, 2012). Character appears from language of ancient Greek "karasso", meant "to mark", such as to indicate or to carve. Within Kamus Besar Bahasa Indonesia (2003) it was written that character was unique attribute, character, temperament had by individual that differentiates individuals to one another. Character was way of thinking and iniating to be each individual's unique characteristic to live and collaborate either in milieu of family, community, or nation and state (Suyanto, 2010). Character was the sum of total or integration of all such traits to yield unfield whole which reveals the nature (the character) of situation, of an event or a person (Reber, 1985) (Hendrojuwono, 2008, as proposed by Menanti, 2012). Character was an integration features owned by individual, that differentiates one individual to one another in adapting self to environment (Menanti, 2009, 2012). Character is unique indicators of a person or a number of persons that consists of value, competence, moral capacity, and resiliency in facing difficulty and challenge (National Policy on character building for Indonesia Year 2010- 2025, 2013). Ghozali (Sani, 2011) considered that character implied value of good character, spontanety, already integrated in self if acting behavior.

Some character definitions mentioned above indicated that character is unique feature owned by individual or number of individual, even a nation that become identity and differentiates individual/group/nation

to one another. Generally, variety of characters are defined as collaborative life value according to peace pillars, appreciation, cooperation, independent, gladness, honesty, humility, love, accountability simplicity, tolerance, and unity (Zubaedi, 211).

Character consisted of knowing, feeling, and acting elements. It meant that character is not enough only to cognitive and affective elements, but also must be manifested in behavior or action. Having good character needs the existence of knowing the good, wanting the good, and doing the good-habits of the mind, habits of the heart, and habits of action (Lickona, 1991, 2012). In accordance with those character elements, for a professional educator character is needed the existence of knowledge about how the professional educator character is. Based on the knowledge, continuing to encouragement to implement good professional educator character, and habituating thoughts, feelings of professional educator character in a daily life behavior. As an example, educator knows that as an educator who have professional character, he may not discriminates his learner. This knowledge encourages educator to pay attention and to act similar action toward his whole learners.

Lickona (1991, 2012) proposed sub-element of character elements. The element of moral knowing consisted of sub element: moral knowledge, knowing moral values, perspective-taking, moral jugging, decision-making, self-knowledge. The element of moral feeling consisted of sub element: conscience, self esteem, empathy, loving the good, self control, humility; and the moral action element consisted of sub element : competence, will, habit. According to writer, if each subelements were applied toward professional educator character, then educator to the cognitive element has to own moral knowledge, knowing moral values, perspectivetaking, moral judging, decision-making, self-knowledge. To affective element, educator owns conscience, selfesteem, empathy, loving the good, self-control, humility; and to behavior element, educator owns competence, will, habit. This whole sub-element related to the educator characteristic who has professional character.

Starting from elaborations about character, it can be formulated that professional educator character is character that has to attach on educator profession. An educator is pedagogical personnel who has qualification as teacher, lecturer, counselor, learning tutor, widyaiswara, tutor, instructor, facilitator, or other profession participating in conducting education (Republic Laws of Indonesia Number 20 year 2003, Chapter I, Section 1, Article (6). The educator profession was formally performed by lecturer and teacher. Lecturer is professional educator and scientist (Republic Laws of Indonesia Number 14 Year 2005, Chapter I, Section 2), who worked in the area of higher education. educator is professional educator with primarily task: to educate, to teach, to guide, to direct, to train, to asses, learner until junior and senior high school (Republic Laws of Indonesia Number 14 Year 2005, Chapter I, Section 2), who worked in the area of early age

child education, elementary education, and junior and senior high school education.

Professional pointed toward a job or activity done by someone and become life income sources needing expertise, skillful, proficiency that meet quality standard or particular norm as well as needing profession education (Laws of R.I. Number 14 Year 2005, Chapter I, Section 1, Article (4). Profession education was purposed education followed by educator (teacher or lecturer) after accomplishing particularly education level (namely education level of undergraduate/master/doctoral), called by certification. Certification is an educator's certificate submitting process for teacher and lecturer (Republic Laws of Indonesia Number 14 Year 2005, Chapter I, Section 1, Article (11) after meeting educator profession education.

Certificate as educator. This certified educator Educator (teacher, lecturer) called professional was they who already have pedagogical, personal, social, and professional competences (Government Rule Number 19 Year 2005, Section 28, Article 1-3). This four educator competences become character attaching within educator. Hereby can be said that what is meant with professional educator character is number of professional educator competences and traits (namely describing minimized pedagogical, personal, social, and professional competences) attaching in the self of educator in daily cognitive, affective, and behavior level.

B. Construction of Professional Educator Character

The educator character construction in Indonesia referees toward Indonesian character. This Indonesian Character referees toward Indonesian character. This Indonesian character is contribution of Indonesian's basic and life view, namely Pancasila. In character, Pancasila is placed on the framework of reference heart analysis, thinking analysis, sport, feeling analysis, initiative analysis. From each reference framework is taken one as character basic values available in the milieu of higher education, so there are four characters, namely honestly character (honest, not lie), smart (perfect in rational development), resilience (hard to lose, strong, skillful, adversity), and caring (heeding, paying attention, ignoring) (Ministry of Education and Culture Directorate general, 2013; National Policy of Nation Character Building 2010-2025, 2013). In milieu of basic and junior and senior high school, character values developed for learners were formulated from Pancasila, that was then broken down in focusing on similar relatively values.

Besides life views of Pancasila breaking down to be four references above, there are some basics or references that isbe unable to ignore in formulating the construction of professional educator character of pedagogical student in State University of Medan, namely (1) Indonesia Education National Goal (Republic Laws of Indonesia Number 20 Year 2003); (2) Goal of Pedagogical Personnel Education Institution, namely producing professional educator; (3) Vision, mission, and Goal of Medan State University,

because this research was done in Medan State University;

(4) Ethic Code of Educator (teacher) Indonesia; (5) Graduate Competence Standard covering attitude, knowledge, and psychomotoric (Government Rule Number 19 Year 2005, Chapter I, Section 1, Article (4); (6). Society's individualism-collectivism; (7) Independence-dependence self-orientation; and (8) Religiusity. Each of 4 references and 8 references the construction of professional educator character is covered by character theory involving knowing, feeling, and behavior elements.

Based on life views of Indonesian people and eight references of professional educator character construction above, Menanti et al (2018) categorized professional educator character into three character dimensions, namely element of basic character, element of main character, and element of support character.

First, dimension of basic character comprised of 2 sub dimensions, namely those who loves occupation as educator and as teacher.

Second, dimension of main character comprised of 7 sub dimensions, such as sensivity, emphatic ability, caring, honest, responsibility, respect to others, capable to build good relationship.

Third, dimension of support character comprised of 7 sub dimensions, such as discipline, wisdom, curiosity, following the development of science and education technology, pattern and style, self-performance, religiusity.

Location of professional educator character element is illustrated as follows:

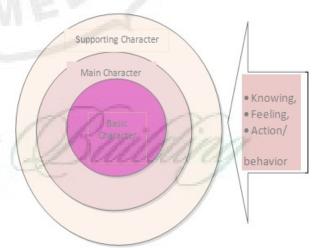


Fig 1:- Location of Professional Educator Character Element

Figure 1 indicates that basic character is core of professional educator character, then followed by main character and support character. Each character dimensions covers cognitive, affective, and behavior elements.

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IV. METHODS

This study is analytic-descriptive research explaining the level of actual professional educator character to be able to be attained by pedagogical student in Medan State University, then analyzing gap between actually professional educator character and ideally professional educator character. To obtain data about professional educator character was used scale developed by Menanti et al (2018). This scale was formulated based on expert opinion, field practice guide lecturer, teacher in school, and tried out to pedagogical student's small group and big group in Medan State University. The scale produced consists of three dimensions of professional educator character. This three dimensions cover 16 sub- dimension, and 168 scale items.

Those three dimensions of professional educator character are basic character, main character, and support character. Basic character consists of sub-dimension of loving the teaching job, loving the educating job. Main character comprises of sub-dimensions sensitivity, caring, emphatic ability, honest, responsibility, respect to others,

ability to build social relationship. Support character comprises of sub-dimensions discipline, wisdom, curiosity, adapting science and technology development, pattern and life style, self-performance, religiosity.

The subject of this research comes from 7 faculties, namely faculty of education science, faculty of Mathematic and Nature Science, faculty of Technique, Faculty of Economic, Faculty of Social Science, Faculty of language and Linguistic, Faculty of sports Science. Those seven faculties comprises of 18 departments/study programs of pedagogical student in Medan State University. The amount of classroom is as big as 25 classrooms, with amount of students as big as 670 students.

V. RESEARCH FINDINGS

A. Profile of Actually Professional Educator Character of Pedagogical Student in State University of Medan

Profile of Actually Professional Educator Character of Pedagogical Student in State University of Medan is displayed on the Table 1 as follows.

Mean actual score achievement	Mean of actual score achievement level
43,40	Less
201,32	Good
244,45	Good
489,17	Good
	43,40 201,32 244,45

Table 1:- Profile of Pedagogical Student's Actually Professional Educator Character in State University of Medan

Table 1 displayed that actual score achievement of pedagogical student's professional educator character in State University of Medan comprehensively on the average 489,17, was included good. This meant that pedagogical student in State University of Medan on the average owns good professionally educator character. However when viewed on the dimension of professional educator character, appears that actual score achievement on the dimension of pedagogical student's basic character in State University of Medan averagely 43,40, which included low. That meant that pedagogical student in State University of Medan averagely owned less basic professionally educator character. The actual score achievement on the dimension of pedagogical student's prominent character in

Medan State University on the average 201,32, which included good. That means that pedagogical learner in State University of Medan averagely owns good prominently professional teacher character. Actual score achievement on the element of pedagogical learner's supporting character in State University of Medan averagely 244,45. Which includes good. This means that pedagogical learner in State University of Medan averagely owns good supportingprofessional teacher character.

From each dimensions of professional educator character, can be watched on the actual score achievement as well as sub-dimensions categorization of professional educator character. It will be displayed on the table 2.

Dimension/Sub-Dimension	Mean	Mean of Actual
Professional Educator Character	Actual Score	Score
	Achievement	Achievement
Basic character:		
1.1. Loving the teaching job	22,30	Middle
1.2. Loving the educating job	21,10	Less
Total	43,40	Less
Prominent characters:		
2.1. Sensitive	21,27	Middle
2.2. Care	25,50	Good
2.3. Emphatic	36,30	Middle
2.4. Honest	26,70	Good
2.5. Responsibility	27,35	Good
2.6. Respecting to others	37,20	Very good
2.7. Building social relationship	27,00	Middle
Total	201,32	Good
Supporting characters:		
3.1. Discipline	17,20	Good
3.2. Wise	42,43	Good
3.3. Curiosity	1,33	Middle
3.4. Adapting on science technology development	20,26	Good
3.5. a. Healthy life pattern	47,17	Good
3.5. b. Healthy life style	18,97	Good
3.6. Have interesting appearance	21,37	Very good
3.7. Religiousity	45,72	Very good
Total	244,45	Good
Total of whole	489,17	Good

Table 2:- Profile of Pedagogical Learner's Actually Professional Educator Character in State University of Medan

Table 2 displayed that actual score reach on the sub-aspect of learner's professional educator character in Medan State University including less amounts one sub-dimension, namely sub-dimension loving the educating job. The five sub-dimensions included middle, namely loving the teaching job, sensitive, emphatic, building social relationship, curiosity. The seven sub-dimensions included good, namely care, honest, responsibility, discipline, wisdom, following the science technology development, healthy pattern and life style. The

three sub-dimensions categorized very good, namely respecting to others, self-appearance, and religiousity.

C. Gap between Actual Professional Educator Character and Ideal Professional Educator Character toward Pedagogical Student in State University of Medan.

Gap between Actual Professional Educator Character and Ideal Professional Educator Character toward Pedagogical Student in State University of Medan can be watched on the table 3.

Aspect of Professional Educator	Mean	Mean of Ideal	Mean Difference of	Mean Difference Level of
Character	Actual Score	Score	Score Actual	Actual Score Achievement
	Reach	1.000	Achievement from	from Ideal Score
1 // 1/		/ /	Ideal Score	/.
Basic Character	43,40	80,00	36,60	High
2. Prominent Character	201,32	272,00	70,68	Low
Supporting Character	244,45	320,00	75,55	Low
4. Professional educator	489,17	672	183,83	Low
character				

Table 3:- Gap Between Dimension of Actual Professional Educator Character and Ideal Character Toward Pedagogical Student in Medan State University

Table 3 showed that the difference of actual score achievement of pedagogical student's ideal character score in Medan State University averagely 183,83, included low. That means that the difference of actual score achievement of pedagogical learner's ideal professional in State University of Medan, included low/small. However when looked at sub-dimensions of professional educator character, showed up that the difference of actual score achievement of ideal

score on the basic character sub-dimension, averagely 36,60, included high. It means that the difference of actual score achievement on the basic character dimension of pedagogical student's ideal score in State University of Medan averagely included high. At the sub-dimension of prominentcharacter averagely 70,68 included low, and at sub-dimensian supporting character, averagely 75,55, includedlow. Each sub-dimension of professional educator character

is known the difference of actual score achievement of ideal score. This is illustrated on the table 4.

Sub-Aspect of Professional Teacher Character	Mean of Actual Score Reach	Mean of Ideal Score	Mean Difference of Actual Score Achievement of Ideal Score	Mean Difference Level of Actual Score Achievement of Ideal Score
Basic character (main)		A.		
1.1. Loving the teaching job	22,30	40	17,70	Middle
1.2. Loving the educating job	21,10	40	18,90	High
Total	43,40	80	36,60	High
Prominent character			100	2
2.1. Sensitive	21,27	32	10,73	Middle
2.2. Care	25,50	32	6,50	Low
2.3. Emphatic	36,30	56	19,70	Middle
2.4. Honest	26,70	32	6,30	Low
2.5. Responsibility	27,35	40	12,75	Middle
2.6. Appreciating others	37,20	40	2,80	Very Low
2.7. Building social relationship	27,00	40	13	Middle
Total	201,32	272	70,68	Low
Supporting Character				_//
3.1. Discipline	17,20	24	6,80	Low
3.2. Wisdom	42,43	56	13,57	Low
3.3. Curiosity	31,33	48	16,67	Middle
3.4. Adapting the Knowledge Science and Technology development	20,26	24	3,74	Low
3.5.a. Healthy Life Pattern	47,17	64	16,83	Low
3.5.b. Healthy Life Style	18,97	24	5,03	Low
3.6. Interesting appearance	21,37	24	2,63	Very Low
3.7. Religiusity	45,72	56	10,28	Low
Total	244,45	320	75,55	Low
Whole total	489,17	672	182,83	Low

Table 4:- The Difference of Actual Professional Educator Character Sub-Dimension Of Ideal Score At Pedagogical Student In
Medan State University

Table 4 on above indicated that the difference of actual score achievement of ideal score of learner's professional teacher character sub-dimension in State University of Medan averagely included high numbers one sub-dimension, namely character sub-dimension of loving the educating job. This meant, pedagogical student in Medan State University averagely has the difference of highly actual score achievement of ideal score on the character sub-dimension of loving the educating job. The difference including middle numbers 6 sub-dimensions, namely character sub-dimension of loving the teaching job, sensitive, emphatic, responsibility, building social relationship, curiosity. This meant, pedagogical student in Medan State University averagely has the difference of middle actual score achievement of ideal score on the character sub-dimensions of loving the teaching job, sensitive, emphatic, responsibility, building social

relationship, and curiosity. It numbers one sub-dimension, namely care sub-dimension. This meant, pedagogical student in Medan State University averagely has the difference of less actual score achievement of ideal score on the character sub-dimension of care. Sub-dimension including low numbers six sub-dimensions, namely subdimensions of honest, discipline, wisdom, adapting knowledge science and technology development, healthy life style and pattern and religiusity. This meant, pedagogical student in Medan State University averagely has the difference of low actual score achievement of ideal score on the sub-dimensions of honest, discipline, wisdom, adapting knowledge science technology development, healthy life style and pattern, and religiosity. There are two sub-dimensions including very low, namely character subdimension of appreciating others, and self appearance. This meant, pedagogical student in Medan State University

averagely has the difference of very low actual score achievement of ideal score on the character sub-dimension of appreciating others, and self-appearance.

VI. DISCUSSION

Research findings indicated that the difference of actual score professional teacher character of ideal professional teacher character to pedagogical learner in State University of Medan averagely included low. The difference averagely low in accordance with research findings that actual professional teacher character achieved by pedagogical learner in State University dMchaveragely included high. This high achievement of professional educator character averagely needs reinforcement, with expectation that good condition can be maintained, even increased to be more good. The difference of averagely including middle and high on the character dimension/subdimension, needs more intensively reinforcement, with expectation that this difference condition including middle and high can decrease to be low.

The reinforcement of professional educator character dimension/sub-dimension follows priorities as follows:

- Basic character dimension: the reinforcement is curative and preventive.
- Character sub-dimension loves the teaching job: the reinforcement is curative and preventive.
- Character sub-dimensions of sensitive, emphatic, responsibility, building social relationship, curiosity: the reinforcement is curative and preventive.
- Prominent character dimension, and supporting character dimension: the reinforcement is more focusing on preventive than curative.
- Ingredients dimension of care, honest, discipline, wisdom, adapting knowledge science technology development, healthy life style and pattern, and religiosity characters.
- Sub-dimension of appreciating others, and self-appearance characters: The reinforcement is more focusing on preventive than curative.

Based on President Rule of Republic of Indonesia 87, 2017 about Value Education Encouragement, so the reinforcement of professional teacher character toward pedagogical learner in State University of Medan judges two following guidelines:

The reinforcement of professional educator character is done comprehensively covering path of formal. Nonformal (society) and informal (family).

The reinforcement of professional educator character through formal lane, is done integrated in the activities of intracurricular, co-curricular, and extra-curricular. In intracurricular activities, values reinforcement of professional educator character is implemented through learning material and method. In cocurricular activities, values reinforcement of professional educator character is implemented for intracurricular activities enrichment and deepening in accordance with curriculum content. In extracurricular activities, values reinforcement of professional

educator character is implemented for broadening student's potential, aptitude, interest, personality, cooperation, and independence optimumly. This extra-curricular activity covers activities like product science game, art, sport, sensitizing, press activity, Pramuka, (Praja Muda Karana), Resimen, Nature lovers.

In intracurricular activities, there are two micro approaches in implementing character education approach based on classroom, namely: 1) learning integration approach in group of Personality development, and 2) Moral knowledge integrated on the whole education curriculum. The character education implementation bases on integrated classroom at every subject, to be done in stages of: (1) Determining learning's objective, (2) Determining character cultural value that will be developed, (3) Formulating learning model in accordance with the learning objective.

The character values that can be obtained by student through some learning model applications, as follows:

- Learning model of small group discussion: Developing collaboration values, appreciating each other, selfconfidence.
- Simulation: Developing emphatic, sensitivity.
- Discovery learning: Developing independence, tenacity, problem solving.
- Self-direct learning: Developing the values of independence, responsibility, diligence, discipline.
- Cooperative learning jigsaw: Developing team work values, leadership, communication, togetherness.
- Contextual instruction: Developing sensitivity toward environment, emphatic, sensitive on milieu need.
- Collaborative learning: Developing appreciation value, knowledge/experience sharing willingness, communication proficiency, group work proficiency.
- Project base learning: Developing loyalty value on principle, responsibility, communication proficiency.
- Problem base learning: Developing sensitivity to identify problem, responsibility value (Menanti, et al, 2012).

Institution cultural developing approach is highly needed in strengthening the professional educator character, namely involving all systems in institution such as leader, educator, pedagogic personnel, security unit, cleaning service personnel, and outside the institution such as *stakehoulder*, parent. This whole aprticipants, internal party should have vision, mission, goal, commitment, thinking pattern, similar attitude, namely for strengthening professional educator character.

- > The Reinforcement of professional educator character utilized this following principles:
- The developing of student's potential holistically and integrated
- Modelling
- Going on through habituating in the daily life
- Growing the moral dilemma causing guilty
- Implying reinforcement, primarily reward.

> Enchancing the student's interaction with the difference peoples in experience, education, character, age, science field. This rich experience will develop character generally, including professional educator character.

VII. CONCLUSION

The pedagogical learner's professional teacher value in State University of Medan needs continuously encouragement, by focusing on preventive program, besides carrying out treatment program. encouragement of professional teacher character involves internal and external factors in State University of Medan and internalized culturally in real daily life. Among aspect of professional teacher character highly needing encouragement is basically character aspect by the reasons, first that this basically character aspect is founded so weak owned by pedagogical learner State University of Medan compared with aspects of prominent and supporting character. The second reason, aspect of professional teacher character fundamentally is basically character aspect. In this sense, focusing on the character value encouragement feels the guiding job as soul call.

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