

## ABSTRACT

**Qomariah, Nurul. Reg. Number. 8196112004. Transitivity System in CNN Online News. A Thesis. English Applied Linguistics Study Program. Post Graduate School. State University of Medan, 2021.**

This study was concerned with the types of transitivity systems in CNN Online News. The objectives of this descriptive qualitative study were to discover: (1) the types of transitivity system, (2) the realization of transitivity system, and (3) the reasons for transitivity system realized in CNN Online News. The data of this study were clauses that consist of a transitivity system in CNN Online News. The data source was 10 Covid-19 Online News taken from CNN Online News. The documentary technique and observation were used to collect the data. The results of the study showed that: 1) CNN Online News realized all the types of process: Material, Mental, Relational, Behavioral, Verbal, and Existential process. Three process types that occupied mostly in the news were Material Process, Relational Process, and Verbal Process. The dominant process was Material Process. It was realized 214 times with a percentage of 50,47%. CNN Online News realized participants: Actor, Goal, Sayer, Carrier, Attribute, Verbiage, Senser, Phenomenon, Target, Existing, Existence, Behavior, Token, Value, Receiver, Behavior, and Range. Actor and Goal were dominantly realized in the clauses of CNN Online News, there were 167 (26,38%) of Actor and 141 (22,27%) of Goal. The most dominant was Actor, and CNN Online News realized circumstances: Location, Cause, Manner, Accompaniment, Extent, Matter, Angle, and Role. It was realized 193 times with the percentage 60, 50%. The dominant was Location; 2) There were congruent realization and incongruent realization of transitivity system. The most dominant realization was congruent realization; 3) The reason why the types of transitivity system realized in the ways they are, based on the context of the situation related to the field in this study. Field stand for three entries, namely *arena/social activity* [+institutionalized/-institutionalized], participant's characteristics [person/social] and semantic domain [+specialized/-specialized]. The most dominant entry that appeared in the text was *arena/social activity*, especially [-institutionalized].

*Keywords: Metafunction, Transitivity system, Online News, CNN*

## ABSTRAK

**Qomariah, Nurul. Nomor Pendaftaran. 8196112004. Sistem Transitivitas di berita online CNN. Tesis. Program Studi Linguistik Terapan Bahasa Inggris. Sekolah Pasca Sarjana. Universitas Negeri Medan, 2021.**

Penelitian ini membahas tentang jenis-jenis sistem transitivitas di CNN Online News. Penelitian kualitatif deskriptif ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui: (1) jenis-jenis sistem transitivitas, (2) realisasi sistem transitivitas, dan (3) alasan sistem transitivitas diwujudkan dalam CNN Online News. Data penelitian ini adalah klausa yang terdiri dari sistem transitivitas dalam CNN Online News. Sumber data adalah 10 Berita Online Covid-19 yang diambil dari CNN Online News. Teknik dokumentasi dan observasi digunakan untuk mengumpulkan data. Temuan penelitian menunjukkan bahwa: 1) CNN Online News merealisasikan semua jenis proses: Material, Mental, Relasional, Perilaku, Verbal, dan Eksistensial. Ada tiga jenis proses yang paling banyak digunakan dalam pemberitaan, yaitu Proses Material, Proses Relasional, dan Proses Verbal. Proses yang dominan adalah Material Process. Realisasinya 214 kali dengan persentase 50,47%. CNN Online News merealisasikan peserta: Actor, Goal, Sayer, Carrier, Attribute, Verbiage, Sener, Phenomenon, Target, Existing, Existence, Behavior, Token, Value, Receiver, Behavior, dan Range. Aktor dan Goal dominan diwujudkan dalam klausa CNN Online News, yaitu 167 (26,38%) Actor dan 141 (22,27%) Goal. Yang paling dominan adalah Aktor, dan CNN Online News merealisasikan keadaan: Lokasi, Penyebab, Cara, Pengiring, Luas, Materi, Sudut, dan Peran. Realisasinya 193 kali dengan persentase 60,50%. Yang dominan adalah Lokasi; 2) Ada realisasi kongruen dan realisasi inkongruen sistem transitivitas. Realisasi yang paling dominan adalah realisasi yang kongruen; 3) Alasan mengapa jenis-jenis sistem transitivitas diwujudkan sebagaimana adanya berdasarkan konteks situasi yang terkait dengan lapangan dalam penelitian ini. Stand lapangan untuk tiga entri, yaitu arena/kegiatan sosial [+dilembagakan/-dilembagakan], karakteristik peserta [personal/sosial] dan domain semantik [+khusus/-khusus]. Entri yang paling dominan muncul dalam teks adalah arena/aktivitas sosial, khususnya [-dilembagakan].

*Kata kunci: Metafungsi, Sistem Transitivitas, Berita Online, CNN*