CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

This research is about satire in Javanese proverb. After analyzing the date and based on research findings of this study the writer concludes that:

- 1. Based on the selected proverb, there are four types of satire occurred in Javanese proverb they are irony, cynicism, sarcasm and satire. The most dominant types are irony and cyncicism.
- 2. The used of satire found in the proverbs are to express the opinion, giving any advices or convey an idea indirectly. Javanese people does not express the purpose directly. In other words, figurative language is needed to express the opinion, advice, purpose or idea. By using the proverb which contain the satire, the people hope that someone will be better and knows if they do something bad. The satire used to keep other feelings, it used to give any advice and lesson without making others hurt. When deriding someone they use the proverb because Javanese proverb has its certain meaning to give advice, idea or lesson in order to make someone to be better.

B. Suggestion

After finishing the research in the fields, the writer would like to give some suggestion based on the research and hopefully can be useful for anyone who read this research.

The suggestions are:

- 1. For the further researcher, the writer suggests to recover more about satire in Javanese language and culture. The next researcher is able to continue this research to know intrinsic advice or lesson occurred in Javanese language or looking for more proverb which contain the satire.
- 2. For the reader, the writer suggest to use figurative language to express something in order to keep other feeling. The reader should manage the way they communicate to avoid other get hurt.

