

## CHAPTER V CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

### A. Conclusion

The Conclusion of the study can be drawn as follow:

1. Based on the results there are 34 Idiomatic Expression found in Malay Labuhanbatu Wedding Ceremony and There were only 2 (Two) types of Idiomatic Expression applied in Malay Labuhanbatu Wedding Ceremony namely: Figure of Speech and Proper Names. The percentage of Figure of speech amount to 22 Utterances (64,7%) and Proper names were only 12 Utterances (35,3%)
2. Idiomatic expression applied in Malay Labuhanbatu wedding ceremony by *Telangkai* , Idiomatic Expression in Malay Labuhanbatu applied in two forms they are pure idioms and semi idioms which is pure idioms were 15 Utterances (44%) and Semi Idioms were 19 Utterances (56%) , *Telangkai* used Idiom are to conveyed the Idea and messages politely, Idiom realized in Pantun or Utterances in the Malay Labuhanbatu wedding ceremony.
3. The dominant form of idiomatic expression found in Malay Labuhanbatu Wedding Ceremony is Semi Idiom amount to 19 (56 %) and the dominant types is figure of speech amount to 22 (64,7%)
4. Based on the result of interview with the two *Telangkai*, Malay Labuhanbatu wedding ceremony are used to maintain the respect in the social relation of society, to preserve the Idiomatic Expresssion in Malay Labuhanbatu, and to enrich the Malay language, and the last to present the Malay Culture through the using of idiom.

## B. SUGGESTION

The suggestions of this study are described as follows:

1. This study should encourage readers in applying and preserving the Idiomatic Expression in their daily conversation
2. Every language have their own Idiomatic Expression, especially in Malay Labuhanbatu, Malay Labuhanbatu People should maintain the using of Idiomatic Expression in their cultural ceremony.
3. English teachers or lecturers, students, and researchers who are interested in the issue and then motivated to get more information and knowledge about Idiomatic Expression in Malay Culture are suggested to conduct similar study by using the other Language and Culture as the object of study because as we know the Study about Idiomatic Expression in Traditional Language are very rarely examined.