

ABSTRAK

Furi Desira Pelawi, NIM: 7143142018. Penerapan Model Pembelajaran Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR) Untuk Meningkatkan Aktivitas Dan Hasil Belajar Akuntansi Siswa Kelas XII IPS SMA Mulia Pratama Medan Tahun Pelajaran 2018/2019. Skripsi Jurusan Akuntansi Program Studi Pendidikan Akuntansi, Fakultas Ekonomi Universitas Negeri Medan 2018.

Permasalahan dalam penelitian ini adalah rendahnya aktivitas dan hasil belajar akuntansi. Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah meningkatkan aktivitas dan hasil belajar akuntansi siswa kelas XII IPS SMA MULIA PRATAMA MEDAN Tahun Pelajaran 2018/2019 melalui penerapan model pembelajaran *Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR)*.

Penelitian ini dilaksanakan di SMA MULIA PRATAMA MEDAN Tahun Pelajaran 2018/2019. Subjek penelitian ini adalah siswa kelas XII IPS yang berjumlah 21 orang. Objek penelitian ini adalah penerapan model pembelajaran *Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR)*. Jenis penelitian ini adalah Penelitian Tindakan Kelas (PTK). Penelitian ini dilakukan didalam dua siklus yang terdiri dari empat tahapan yaitu perencanaan, pelaksanaan, pengamatan, dan refleksi. Teknik pengumpulan data dalam penelitian ini adalah observasi, dokumentasi dan tes. Teknik analisa data penelitian ini adalah data kuantitatif dan data kualitatif.

Dari hasil observasi yang telah dilakukan diperoleh hasil aktivitas siswa pada siklus I terdapat 5 siswa (23,81%) yang termasuk dalam kategori aktif dan sangat aktif dan mengalami peningkatan pada siklus II terdapat 18 siswa (85,71%) yang termasuk dalam kategori aktif dan sangat aktif telah memenuhi kriteria penilaian ≥ 23 atau 71,87%. Dari hasil analisis data diperoleh data tes sebelum penerapan 1 siswa (4,76%) yang tuntas dengan rata-rata nilai 50,38 sedangkan pada siklus I terdapat 10 siswa (47,62%) yang tuntas dengan rata-rata nilai menjadi 71,71. Dan pada siklus II terdapat 20 siswa (95,24%) yang tuntas dengan rata-rata nilai menjadi 86,38 atau mengalami peningkatan sebesar 47,62% dari siklus I telah memenuhi Kriteria Ketuntasan Minimal (KKM) ≥ 75 . Terdapat peningkatan hasil belajar yang positif dan signifikan antara hasil belajar siklus I dengan siklus II dimana $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ yaitu $5,32 > 1,725$. Berdasarkan analisis di atas dapat disimpulkan bahwa model pembelajaran *Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR)* dapat Meningkatkan Aktivitas dan Hasil Belajar Akuntansi Siswa pada Standar Kompetensi Penyusunan Siklus Akuntansi Perusahaan Dagang di Kelas XII IPS Akuntansi SMA MULIA PRATAMA MEDAN Tahun Pelajaran 2018/2019.

Kata Kunci : Aktivitas Belajar, Hasil Belajar Akuntansi, Model Pembelajaran Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR)

ABSTRACT

Furi Desira Pelawi. NIM: 7143142018. The implementation of Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR) to increase Activity and Result Learning of Accounting Students Class XII IPS in SMA Mulia Pratama Medan Academic Year 2018/2019. Thesis of Accounting, Departementt of Accounting Education, Faculty of Economics, University of Medan 2018.

The problem in this study was the low activity and learning outcomes of accounting. The purpose of this study is to increase the activity and accounting learning outcomes of students of class XII IPS SMA MULIA PRATAMA MEDAN 2018/2019 Academic Year through the implementation of the Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR) learning model.

This research was carried out at SMA MULIA PRATAMA MEDAN Academic Year 2018?2019. The subjects of this study were students of class XII IPS totaling 21 people. The object of this research is the application of the Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR) learning model. This type of research is Classroom Action Research (CAR). This research was conducted in two cycles consisting of four stages, namely planning, implementing, observing, and reflecting. Data collection techniques in this study are observation, documentation and tests. Data analysis techniques of this study are quantitative data and qualitative data.

From the results of observations that have been made obtained the results of student activity in the first cycle there were 5 students (23.81%) who were in the active and very active category and experienced an increase in cycle II there were 18 students (85.71%) who were in the active category and very active has met the assessment criteria ≥ 23 or 71.87%. From the results of data analysis, the test data obtained before the application of 1 student (4.76%) were completed with an average score of 50.38 while in the first cycle there were 10 students (47.62%) who completed with an average value of 71, 71. And in cycle II there were 20 students (95.24%) who completed with an average score of 86.38 or an increase of 47.62% from cycle I had met the Minimum Completeness Criteria (KKM) ≥ 75 . There was an increase in learning outcomes positive and significant between the learning outcomes of cycle I and cycle II where the ttable is $5.32 > 1.725$. Based on the above analysis, it can be concluded that the learning model of Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR) can Improve Student Accounting Learning Outcomes and Results on the Competency Standards of the Accounting Company Accounting Cycle in Class XII of Accounting Social Sciences, SMA MULIA PRATAMA MEDAN Academic Year 2018-1919.

Keywords: Learning Activities, Accounting Learning Outcomes, Auditory Intellectually Repetition (AIR) Learning Model