CHAPTER V CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

The goal of this study was to examine the use of linguistic forms based on the gender of the speakers. It can be concluded that the findings of this research included two big points as the answer of the research questions.

- 1. The linguistic forms that used in Leap Year movie were 7 only out of 9.

 They were lexical hedge, emphatic stress, tag question, empty adjective, intensifier, vernacular forms, and superpolite forms. The dominant linguistic form that used by both gender in their only conversations was lexical hedges and dominant linguistic form in their conversations with other characters was superpolite forms. The dominant linguistic form used by male in the main characters only conversations was lexical hedges and the dominant linguistic form used by female was vernacular form. The dominant linguistic forms used by male in the main characters with other characters conversations were lexical hedges and emphatic stress and the dominant linguistic form used by female was superpolite forms.
- 2. Man tended to use lexical hedges or fillers in both parts of conversations, the main characters only conversations and the main characters with other characters conversations. It did not confirm the Robin Lakoff theory that hedge is a part of woman feature. Morever, the frequency of lexical hedge

were dominantly taken by man instead of woman. While woman mostly use emphatic stress and superpolite forms in male and female conversations and also both gender with others conversations. Male even tended to use more linguistic forms rather than female. It certainly showed that man could also use linguistic forms in their conversations and even take a part dominantly over female. But in the other hand, as could be seen in the second table, their conversations with other characters, female tended to use linguistic forms more than male. It seemed that female still showed their features in bigger social context conversations. In main characters with other characters conversations analysis, it is found that the male character mostly use lexical hedge and the female character use superpolite forms. Man in this case tended to use lexical hedge consistenly. It showed that even man can also talk with woman feature which signals the uncertainty and politeness. And man, believed to talk the way they want because they have more power in society or higher class in any social status. Besides, woman chose to talk more politely.

B. Suggestion

In relation to the conclusion, suggestions were staged as the following.

1. This study expected the reader to understand the types of linguistic form itself and how the implication of its usage in male and female language.

2. It was suggested to other researchers and the students of Applied Linguistics who wanted to do further studies particularly Sociolinguistics in terms of gender to start analysing based on many researches in order to get deeper understanding of different language use based on linguistic forms.

