

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusions

Having analyzed the data, finally writer draws the conclusions as following:

1. Based on the 172 clause complexes which have been collected and analyzed, it was found that six types from seven types of logical relation were realized in the articles with the number of 95 items of Purpose-Means (55,23%), 38 items of Concession-Contraexpectation (22,1%), 14 items of Reason-Result (8,13%), 14 items of Condition-Consequence (8,13%), 8 items of Means-Result (4,66%), 3 items of Ground-Conclusion (1,75%) and 0 item of Ground-Exhortation (0%).
2. Purpose-Means is the most dominant type of logical relation with the number of 95 clause complexes, expressed by the articles of The First Artists, The First Year of Life, The First City of Africa And The First Glimpse of The Hidden Cosmos edition of January 2015 in National Geographic Magazine.
3. Purpose-Means is the most dominant type of logical relation because the writers often show the truth of what had happened. And also what and how to resolve the issue. So that, the writers often use these conjunctions to connect the ideas in their minds with other ideas or others clause complex.

B. Suggestions

Relate to the conclusion above, suggestion are staged as the following.

1. It is suggested that other researchers should conduct further researchers about the use of logical relation in detailed analysis.
2. The findings of this study can be used to give a better understanding for students, especially the students of English and Literature Department of the use of logical relation.
3. It is suggested that the writers should be concerned about the use of conjunction in logical relation in presenting their ideas.
4. The readers should take this thesis as a reference when they decide to discuss about logical relation for their thesis.