

# CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION

## A. The Background of the Study

As a social being, language is needed to interact with another. Human will get difficulty without knowing a language because they cannot communicate their ideas, thoughts and feelings. The important things for people in using language are to talk about their experience, to describe events and state the entities involved in them to influence their behavior and to express their own viewpoint and things in their messages. Interaction between one with another can be established through language. Therefore, language is inseparable part of human life to express thought, feeling, desires and intentions.

As a communication, language has an effective means of expressing feelings and ideas both in spoken and written form. When people speak or write they express what they have in their mind. While presenting ideas, people should concern with the way language which is used because it will make their ideas understandable. In the use of language people in many cases tend to expand their ideas by combining or complexing the original clause to other related clause because there are some ideas in the language user's mind that they are going to share. In communication speaker or writer needs to see the connection which is made between one clause with another.

Public speaking is the most powerful form of spoken language. Effective public speaking involves understanding the audience and speaking goals, choosing elements for the speech that will engage the audience with the topic, and delivering message

skillfully. Good public speakers understand that they must plan, organize, and revise their material in order to develop an effective speech.

One form of public speaking is speech. Speech can be delivered by man and woman. People who usually deliver speech mostly are the popular public figure. The popularity can be showed from the job position such as director or manager and from the performance such as actress or actor. Speech usually uttered by those who have position in society relation especially for woman. Indeed the woman which affected to her speech content and also the ways of speech is uttered. It can be seen in the language used by Sri Mulyani as one of public figure in her speech. The speech content is about economy. It's influenced by her background field that is economy.

Sri Mulyani is eligible for becoming the most influence women in the world, because she is an important one in the economy. Some countries and institution appreciate her with her achievements. She becomes the Asia's Finance Minister of the Year by *Emerging Markets* newspaper in 2008 (<http://wikipedia.org>). As a public figure, Sri Mulyani is demanded to give some messages through speech when visiting the important world events. As managing director of World Bank, she is responsible for the institution's operations in all regions. She also oversees the new global practices and cross-cutting solution areas which bring together the best expertise from across the Bank Group and from partners to help tackle the most complex development challenges. As Indonesian's finance minster, she was known as reformist and was largely credited with strengthening Indonesian's economy increasing investment and steering Southeast Asia's largest economy. She has been

an outstanding finance minister, with in-depth knowledge of both development issues and the role of the World Bank Group.

Speech can be analyzed by using logical function theory. Logical function uses certain conjunctions to relate one clause to another clause in making up the logic language. The relationship between one clause to another clause will be analyzed in order to increase the listeners' understanding about the information they hear. There are two basic systems which determine how one clause is related to another namely the system of taxis and logico-semantic. Taxis is classified into parataxis and hypotaxis. While logico-semantic deals with how the ideas or meaning of language is structured in combination of clauses in clause complex. Logico-semantic is classified into two relationships they are expansion and projection.

However, several studies on logical metafunction have been done previously. Gintings (2012) studied about the logical meaning in Al-Gore's speech. This study analyzed the Al-Gore's Nobel Peace Prize acceptance speech. This research showed that all of types of logico-semantic are used by Al-Gore in his speech and for the dominant type is hypotactic enhancement. From this study, it indicated that Al-Gore delivered his idea by providing some circumstantial information including time, purpose, condition, cause or reason.

While Rukmini (2010) studied about the use of logico-semantic relation in abstracts of students' final project reports. This research showed that clause complexes are both paratactic and hypotactic, but not all of type of logico-semantic relations found in the data of research, there is no locution projection found. For the

realization of the clause complexes is relatively not so satisfactory, some meanings are not appropriately realized in terms of its lexical and grammar choices.

Another research, Setia et al. (2011) studied about clause complex and experiential realization in court texts. This research showed that clause complex realization involves Taxis and Logico-Semantic Relations. The eleven texts which consist of parataxis and hypotaxis are found with paratactic as the dominant. While logico-semantic relations are expansion and projection and the dominant type is expansion. The language used in formal situation will be different with the traditional one because of different context such as in the research by Siahaan, Napitupulu & Tampubolon (2014) who studied about the logical meaning in wedding speeches of Batak Toba language. This research showed that both of logico-semantic relation (expansion and projection) exist in Batak Toba language and also Batak Toba language has the similarity with other languages in expressing the experience through ideational function of language.

Based on the explanations, therefore this research will focus on the logico-semantic relation used by Sri Mulyani in her speech in order to find out the information arranged to send messages and how she combines her ideas through her speech because she has quality in her economic field during presenting her ideas.

### **B. The Problem of Study**

Based on the background of the study, the problems of the study are formulated as the following:

1. What types of logico-semantic relation are used by Sri Mulyani?
2. How is the logico-semantic used by Sri Mulyani?

### **C. The Objectives of Study**

In relation to the problem of the study, the objectives of the study are to describe:

1. The types of logico-semantic relation used by Sri Mulyani.
2. How logico-semantic relation is used by Sri Mulyani.

### **D. The Scope of Study**

This study analyses clause relationships in Sri Mulyani's speech. It focuses on analyzing the types of logico-semantic relation both expansion and projection used in her speech.

### **E. The Significances of Study**

Findings of this study are expected to be theoretically and practically useful and relevant to various sides as the following:

1. Theoretically, this study is expected to provide benefits of knowledge, at least can be useful as a reference for further study.
2. Practically for students and readers who want to enrich their information and knowledge about logico-semantic in others material and the researchers who are interested in conducting the similar study to get further information.