CHAPTER V CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

After analyzing the data, conclusion can be drawn as follows:

- 1. The six types of illocutionary forces are found in the Novel Darkest Hour by Cleo Virginia Andrews. They are (1) Asserting for the statement, (2) Promising for a persuasion, (3) Excommunicating for expressing a state of dislike, (4) Exclaiming in pain for a claim and honor, (5) Inquiring for the questioning and requesting, and (6) Ordering for expressing what the speaker wants. The total number of six types illocutionary forces is 108 utterances. The total number of Asserting for the statement is 23(21,29%) utterances. The total number of Promising for a persuasion is 15 (13,89%) utterances. The total number for Excommunicating for expressing a state of dislike is 13 (12,04%) utterances. The total number for Exclaiming in pain for a claim and honor is 17 (15,74%) utterances. The total number for Inquiring for the questioning and requesting is 12 (11,11%) utterances and the total number for Ordering for expressing what the speaker wants is 28 (25,92%) utterances.
- 2. The data findings shown that Ordering type is dominantly used in the novel. The Assertive type is used when the character gives the statement, the Promising type is used when the character gives the persuasion, Excomunicating type is used when the character expresses a state of dislike, the Exclaiming in Pain is used when the character gives the statement of claim and honor, Inquiring type is used when the character

asked the question and requested for something and the Ordering type is used when the character produced words in Ordering. It was mostly used when the character was going to express what they wanted to do.

