CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

5.1. Conclusion

Based on the results of data analysis and statistical tests in chapter-IV, then set some conclusions as follows:

- 1. The learning outcomes of students who are taught by *contextual teaching* and learning with multimedia **higher** (83.52 \pm 7.82) than the learning outcomes of students who are taught by learning using conventional learning models (9.83 \pm 77.72). It means that CTL using multimedia is more effective than conventional method.
- 2. Students activity have a positive impact in students achievements. Students with higher activity have higher achievement compare with students with lower activity.
- 3. There is positive and significant correlation between activity on improved student learning outcomes of students taught using *contextual teaching and learning with multimedia*.
- Cognitive competence domain that developed by this teaching model is C 2.

5.2. Suggestion

Based on the discussion and the conclusions that have been mentioned above, the authors suggest the following:

- 1. For teachers and prospective teachers, the implementation of *contextual teaching and learning with multimedia* can improve student learning outcomes, especially chemistry subjects.
- 2. Direct instruction can give some boring condition in teaching and learning activity, so its better to avoid for using this model too much.