

PERBEDAAN HASIL BELAJAR SISWA MENGGUNAKAN MODEL PEMBELAJARAN KOOPERATIFE *STUDENT TEAMS ACHIEVEMENT DIVISION (STAD)* DENGAN *COOPERATIVE INTEGRATED READING AND COMPOSITION (CIRC)* PADA MATERI EKOSISTEM DI KELAS X SMA AL-HIDAYAH MEDAN T.P 2015/2016

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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui perbedaan hasil belajar siswa menggunakan model pembelajaran kooperatif *Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD)* dengan *Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC)* pada materi ekosistem di kelas X SMA Al-hidayah T.P 2015/2016. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah seluruh siswa kelas X SMA Al-hidayah Medan yang terdiri dari 3 kelas dengan jumlah siswa seluruhnya 105 orang. Sedangkan sampel diambil secara *Purposife* sampling sebanyak dua kelas yaitu X3 sebagai kelas *Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD)* dengan jumlah siswa 36 orang dan kelas X2 sebagai kelas *Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC)* dengan jumlah siswa 33 orang sehingga jumlah total sampel dalam penelitian ini sebanyak 69 orang dan jenis penelitian yang dilakukan itu adalah eksperimen. Dari hasil analisis data diperoleh nilai rata-rata hasil postest pada kelas X3 *Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD)* sebesar 76,759 dengan standar deviasi 11,62 dan nilai rata-rata postest yang diperoleh pada kelas X2 *Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC)* sebesar 79,798 dengan standar deviasi 9,50. Dengan demikian hasil belajar siswa dengan menggunakan model pembelajaran tipe *Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC)* lebih baik dari pada model pembelajaran kooperatif tipe *Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD)*. Adanya perbedaan hasil tersebut dibuktikan melalui pengujian hipotesis dengan menggunakan uji-t dan taraf kepercayaan taraf $\alpha = 0,05$, dimana $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ ($12,60 > 1,998$) yang berarti dalam penelitian ini H_0 ditolak dan H_a diterima. Sehingga dapat dinyatakan bahwa ada perbedaan yang signifikan secara statistik dimana kelas *Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC)* lebih baik hasil belajarnya dari pada kelas yang menggunakan *Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD)* pada materi ekosistem di kelas X SMA Al-Hidayah T.P 2015/2016.

Kata kunci : Kooperatif, Hasil belajar, Ekosistem

**DIFFERENCE OF STUDENT LEARNING USING MODEL KOOPERATIFE
LEARNING STUDENT TEAMS ACHIEVEMENT DIVISION (STAD)
WITH COOPERATIVE INTEGRATED READING COMPOSITION
(CIRC) MATERIALS IN THE ECOSYSTEM IN CLASS
X AL-HIDAYAH SMA MEDAN T.P 2015/2016**

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ABSTRACT

This study aimed to determine differences in student learning outcomes using learning model kooperatif Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD) with Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC) in materi ecosystems class X SMA Al-Hidayah Field Learning Year 2015/2016. The population in this study were all students of class X SMA Al-Hidayah field that consists of three classes with the number of students altogether 105 people. The samples were taken Purposive sampling of two classes, a class X3 Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD) with the number of students 36 and class X2 as a class Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC) by the number of students 33 people so that the total number of samples in this study as many as 69 people and the kind of research is experimental. From the analysis of the data obtained value average student learning outcomes in the class X3 Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD) of 76.759 with a standard deviation of 11, 62 while the class X2 Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC) of 79.798 with a standard deviation 9.50. Thus the student learning outcomes by using model-type Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC) is better than the cooperative learning model Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD) and can be obtained by the individual student mastery values with the big difference in learning outcomes is evidenced through hypothesis testing using t-test and confidence level $\alpha = 0,05$ where $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ ($12,60 > 1,998$) with a ratio of which means that in this study H_0 is rejected and H_a accepted. So it can be stated that there is a statistically significant difference with class Cooperative Integrated Reading and Composition (CIRC) is higher than the results of their study used class of Student Teams Achievement Division (STAD) in materi ecosystems class X SMA Al-Hidayah Field Learning Year 2015/2016.

Keywords: Kooperatif, The Results of Studying, The Ecosystem