

ABSTRAK

Evi Suryani Simangunsong, NIM 3212431009, Analisis Faktor Produksi dan Pemetaan Distribusi Hasil Pertanian di Kecamatan Porsea Kabupaten Toba. Skripsi. Jurusan Pendidikan Geografi Fakultas Ilmu Sosial Universitas Negeri Medan, 2026.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk: 1) menghasilkan pemetaan distribusi hasil dan mengetahui pola persebaran pertanian di Kecamatan Porsea, 2) mengetahui faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi produksi pertanian di Kecamatan Porsea dan 3) mengetahui aksesibilitas dan infrastruktur pada distribusi hasil pertanian di Kecamatan Porsea.

Penelitian ini dilaksanakan di Kecamatan Porsea pada bulan Juni-Juli 2025. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah seluruh lahan pertanian aktif di Kecamatan Porsea, Kabupaten Toba, yang menghasilkan komoditas sayuran, jahe, padi, jagung, dan ubi kayu. Sampel dilakukan dengan metode total sampling. Teknik pengumpulan data yang digunakan observasi, wawancara, studi dokumentasi, dan pengambilan data spasial dan data dianalisis dengan teknik analisis deskriptif kuantitatif.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa: 1) Jalur distribusi lima komoditas hasil pertanian di Kecamatan Porsea di dominasi antar kabupaten dan Desa Amborgang menjadi pusat sentral penghasil kelima komoditas sekaligus menjadi penopang untuk ketahanan pangan di Kecamatan Porsea. 2) Faktor utama yang mempengaruhi produksi hasil pertanian di Kecamatan Porsea adalah kesuburan lahan. 3) Aksesibilitas dan kondisi infrastruktur di sebagian wilayah belum memadai sehingga menghambat kelancaran proses distribusi hasil pertanian ke wilayah lain.

ABSTRACT

Evi Suryani Simangunsong, Student ID 3212431009. *Analysis of Production Factors and Mapping of Agricultural Product Distribution in Porsea District, Toba Regency.* Undergraduate Thesis. Department of Geography Education, Faculty of Social Sciences, Universitas Negeri Medan, 2026.

This study aims to: (1) produce a map of agricultural product distribution and identify the spatial distribution patterns of agriculture in Porsea District; (2) determine the factors influencing agricultural production in Porsea District; and (3) analyze the accessibility and infrastructure supporting the distribution of agricultural products in Porsea District. The research was conducted in Porsea District from June to July 2025. The population of this study comprised all active agricultural land in Porsea District, Toba Regency, producing vegetable crops, ginger, rice, maize, and cassava. The sampling technique used was total sampling. Data were collected through observation, interviews, documentation studies, and spatial data collection. The data were analyzed using descriptive quantitative analysis techniques.

The results of the study indicate that: (1) the distribution routes of the five agricultural commodities in Porsea District are predominantly inter-district in nature, with Amborgang Village serving as the central production hub for all five commodities as well as a key contributor to food security in Porsea District; (2) the main factor influencing agricultural production in Porsea District is land fertility; and (3) accessibility and infrastructure conditions in several areas are inadequate, thereby hindering the smooth distribution of agricultural products to other regions.