

ABSTRAK

Raihani Gulo. 5202142003. Hubungan Pengetahuan Penggunaan Peralatan Dapur dengan Hasil Praktek Sweet Bread SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu. Skripsi. Prodi Pendidikan Tata Boga. Jurusan Pendidikan Kesejahteraan Keluarga. Fakultas Teknik. Universitas Negeri Medan. 2025.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui : (1) Pengetahuan Penggunaan Peralatan Dapur siswa, (2) Hasil Praktek siswa membuat *Sweet Bread*, (3) Hubungan Pengetahuan Penggunaan Peralatan Dapur dengan Hasil Praktek Siswa membuat *Sweet Bread*. Tempat penelitian dilaksanakan di SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu. Waktu penelitian Februari - Mei 2025. Populasi penelitian seluruh siswa kelas XI Tata Boga yang berjumlah 30 siswa. Teknik penentuan sampel secara Total Sampling sehingga diperoleh sampel sebanyak 30 orang siswa. Teknik pengumpulan data menggunakan tes untuk mengetahui Pengetahuan Penggunaan Peralatan Dapur dan Hasil Praktek *Sweet Bread* melalui penilaian hasil praktek membuat *Sweet Bread*. Teknik analisa data secara deskripsi data, uji kecenderungan dan uji persyaratan analisis, dengan uji normalitas dan linieritas, serta uji hipotesis dengan uji korelasi product moment.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan tingkat kecenderungan Pengetahuan Penggunaan Peralatan Dapur berada pada kategori baik sebesar 50 persen dan Hasil Praktek *Sweet Bread* berada pada kategori baik sebesar 70 persen. Berdasarkan hasil analisis *Korelasi Product Moment*, terdapat hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antar Pengetahuan Penggunaan Peralatan Dapur dengan Hasil Praktek *Sweet Bread* dengan nilai $r_{xy} = 0,70$ dan $r_{tabel} = 0,36$, sehingga $r_{xy} > r_{tabel}$ ($0,70 > 0,36$) pada taraf signifikan 5 persen. Artinya semakin tinggi pengetahuan penggunaan peralatan dapur, maka semakin tinggi hasil praktek *sweet bread* siswa. Nilai koefisien determinasi (r^2) = $0,70^2$ atau 49 persen, dimana hal ini menunjukkan bahwa besarnya kontribusi variabel Pengetahuan Penggunaan Peralatan Dapur terhadap variabel Hasil Praktek *Sweet Bread* adalah sebesar 49 persen dan sisanya 51 persen disebabkan oleh faktor lain diluar penelitian ini.

ABSTRACT

Raihani Gulo. 5202142003. The Correlation between Knowledge of Kitchen Equipment Usage and Sweet Bread Practical Results SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu. Thesis. Culinary Arts Education Study Program. Family Welfare Education Department. Faculty of Engineering. Universitas Negeri Medan. 2025.

This study aims to determine: (1) Knowledge of the Use of Kitchen Equipment of Students, (2) Results of students' practice in making sweet bread, (3) Relationship between knowledge of using kitchen equipment and results of students' practice in making sweet bread. The research location was conducted at SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu. The research period was February - May 2025. The research population was all students of class XI Culinary Arts, totaling 30 students. The sampling technique was Total Sampling so that a sample of 30 students was obtained. The data collection technique used a test to determine Knowledge of the Use of Kitchen Equipment and Results of Sweet Bread Practice through an assessment of the results of the practice of making Sweet Bread. The data analysis technique was in the form of data description, tendency test and analysis requirements test, with normality and linearity tests, and hypothesis testing with product moment correlation tests.

The results of the study showed that the level of tendency of Knowledge of Kitchen Equipment Use was in the good category at 50 percent and the Results of Sweet Bread Practice were in the good category at 70 percent. Based on the results of the Product Moment Correlation analysis, there was a positive and significant relationship between Knowledge of Kitchen Equipment Use and Sweet Bread Practice Results with a value of $r_{xy} = 0.70$ and $r_{table} = 0.36$, so that $r_{xy} > r_{table}$ ($0.70 > 0.36$) at a significance level of 5 percent. This means that the higher the knowledge of using kitchen equipment, the higher the results of students' sweet bread practice. The coefficient of determination (r^2) = 0.70^2 or 49 percent, which shows that the contribution of the Knowledge of Kitchen Equipment Use variable to the Sweet Bread Practice Results variable is 49 percent and the remaining 51 percent is caused by other factors outside this study.