

ABSTRAK

Nadisa Nurul Putri, 5203142001, “Hubungan Pengetahuan sanitasi Hygiene Dengan Hasil Praktek Appetizer Di SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu”. Pendidikan Kesejahteraan Keluarga. Pendidikan Tata Boga. Fakultas Teknik. Universitas Negeri Medan. 2025.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui : (1) Pengetahuan Sanitasi Hygiene Siswa, (2) Hasil Praktek Appetizer Siswa, (3) Hubungan Pengetahuan Sanitasi Hygiene Dengan Hasil Praktek Appetizer di SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu. Tempat penelitian dilakukan di SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu. Waktu penelitian Agustus-Oktober 2024. Desain penelitian yang digunakan adalah *Deskriptif Korelasional*. Populasi penelitian seluruh siswa kelas XI Tata Boga yang berjumlah 30 siswa. Teknik penentuan sampel secara *Total Sampling* sehingga diperoleh sampel sebanyak 30 orang siswa. Teknik pengumpulan data menggunakan tes untuk mengetahui Pengetahuan Sanitasi Hygiene dan Hasil Praktek Appetizer melalui penilaian hasil praktek membuat Appetizer. Teknik analisa data secara deskripsi data, uji kecenderungan dan uji persyaratan analisis, dengan uji normalitas dan linieritas, serta uji hipotesis dengan uji *korelasi product moment*.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan tingkat kecenderungan Pengetahuan Sanitasi Hygiene termasuk dalam kategori cenderung Baik sebesar 50 persen dan Hasil Praktek Appetizer termasuk pada kategori cenderung Baik sebesar 74 persen. Hasil analisis *Korelasi Product Moment* terdapat hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara Pengetahuan Sanitasi Hygiene dengan Hasil Praktek Appetizer dengan nilai $r_{xy} > r_{tabel}$ ($0,64 > 0,36$) pada taraf 5 persen. Artinya semakin tinggi Pengetahuan Sanitasi Hygiene siswa maka semakin tinggi Hasil Praktek Appetizer siswa. Hasil koefisien determinasi $r^2 = 0,64^2 = 41$ persen artinya Pengetahuan Sanitasi Hygiene memberikan kontribusi 41 persen terhadap variabel Hasil Praktek Appetizer, sedangkan sisanya 59 persen dipengaruhi oleh faktor-faktor diluar penelitian ini.

ABSTRACT

Nadisa Nurul Putri, 5203142001, "The Relationship between Hygiene and Sanitation Knowledge with Appetizer Practice Results at SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu". Family Welfare Education. Culinary Education. Faculty of Engineering. Medan State University. 2025.

This research aims to determine: (1) Students' Hygiene Sanitation Knowledge, (2) Students' Appetizer Practice Results, (3) The Relationship between Hygiene Sanitation Knowledge and Appetizer Practice Results at SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu. The place of research was carried out at SMK Negeri 1 Pantai Labu. Research time is August-October 2024. The research design used was Correlational Descriptive. The research population was all students in class XI Culinary Arts, totaling 30 students. The sampling technique was Total Sampling so that a sample of 30 students was obtained. The data collection technique uses tests to determine Sanitation Hygiene Knowledge and Appetizer Practice Results through assessing the practice results of making Appetizers. Data analysis techniques include data descriptions, trend tests and analysis requirements tests, with normality and linearity tests, as well as hypothesis testing with product moment correlation tests.

The research results show that the level of Sanitation Hygiene Knowledge tends to be in the Good category at 50 percent and Appetizer Practice Results are in the Good category at 74 percent. The results of the Product Moment Correlation analysis show a positive and significant relationship between Sanitation Hygiene Knowledge and Appetizer Practice Results with a value of $r_{xy} > r_{tabel}$ ($0.64 > 0.36$) at the 5 percent level. This means that the higher the student's Sanitation Hygiene Knowledge, the higher the student's Appetizer Practice Results. The result of the coefficient of determination $r^2 = 0.64^2 = 41$ percent means that Sanitation Hygiene Knowledge contributes 41 percent to the Appetizer Practice Results variable, while the remaining 59 percent is influenced by factors outside this research.