

ABSTRAK

Mutiara Gunawan. 5193342007. “Hubungan Pengetahuan Boga Dasar dan Kemandirian Belajar dengan Hasil Praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan SMK Gelora Nusantara Medan”. Pendidikan Kesejahteraan Keluarga. Pendidikan Tata Boga. Fakultas Teknik. Universitas Negeri Medan. 2024.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui: (1) Boga Dasar; (2) Kemandirian Belajar; (3) Hasil Praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan; (4) Hubungan Boga Dasar dengan Hasil Praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan; (5) Hubungan Kemandirian Belajar dengan Hasil Praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan; (6) Hubungan Boga Dasar dan Kemandirian Belajar Dengan Hasil Praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan. Lokasi penelitian dilaksanakan di SMK Gelora Jaya Nusantara Medan, Waktu penelitian November 2023-Januari 2024. Populasi dalam penelitian ini seluruh siswakeselas XI Jasa Boga. Teknik Penentuan Sempel Secara *purposive sampling* sehingga jumlah sampel 30 siswa. Teknik pengumpulan data menggunakan tes dan angket. Data Boga Dasar dikumpulkan menggunakan tes, Kemandirian Belajar dengan angket dan untuk praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan melalui penilaian hasil praktik. Teknik analisis data secara deskripsi data, dan uji persyaratan analisis, dengan uji normalitas, dan uji linearitas, serta uji hipotesis dengan uji korelasi *product moment*, uji parsial dan korelasi ganda.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa tingkat kecenderungan Boga Dasar dan Kemandirian Belajar siswa masuk kedalam kategori cenderung tinggi dengan nilai masing-masing sebesar 96,67 persen dan 90,67 persen. Hasil praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan termasuk kategori cenderung tinggi sebesar 90,00 persen. Hasil analisis korelasi parsial terdapat hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara Boga Dasar siswa dengan hasil praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan dengan nilai korelasi $ryx_1 = 0,349$ pada taraf signifikan 5 persen. Hasil analisis korelasi parsial terdapat hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara Kemandirian Belajar siswa dengan hasil praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan dengan nilai korelasi $ryx_2 = 0,439$ pada taraf signifikan 5 persen. Hasil analisis korelasi ganda terdapat hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara Boga Dasar dan Kemandirian Belajar dengan hasil praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan dengan nilai korelasi $Ryx_1x_2 = 0,34$ pada taraf signifikan 5 persen. Artinya semakin tinggi Boga Dasar dan Kemandirian Belajar siswa maka semakin tinggi hasil praktik Pengolahan dan Penyajian Makanan .

ABSTRACT

Mutiara Gunawan. 5193342007. "The Relationship between Basic Culinary Knowledge and Learning Independence with the Results of Food Processing and Serving Practices at SMK Gelora Nusantara Medan". Family Welfare Education. Culinary Education. Faculty of Engineering. Medan State University. 2024..

This research aims to find out: (1) Basic Food; (2) Learning Independence; (3) Results of Food Processing and Serving Practices; (4) The relationship between basic food and the results of food processing and serving practices; (5) The relationship between learning independence and the results of food processing and serving practices; (6) Relationship between Basic Catering and Learning Independence with the Results of Food Processing and Serving Practices. The research location was carried out at Gelora Jaya Nusantara Vocational School, Medan, research time was November 2023-January 2024. The population in this research were all students from class XI Catering Services. Sample Determination Technique: Purposive sampling so that the sample size is 30 students. Data collection techniques use tests and questionnaires. Basic Culinary Data is collected using tests, Learning Independence using questionnaires and for Food Processing and Serving practices through assessment of practical results. Data analysis techniques include data descriptions, and analysis requirements tests, with normality tests and linearity tests, as well as hypothesis testing with product moment correlation tests, partial tests and multiple correlations.

The research results show that the level of tendency for Basic Catering and Learning Independence students to fall into the category tends to be high with respective scores of 96.67 percent and 90.67 percent. The results of Food Processing and Serving practices fall into the category of tending to be high at 90.00 percent. The results of the partial correlation analysis showed a positive and significant relationship between Basic Catering students and the results of the Food Processing and Presentation practicum with a correlation value of $ryx_1 = 0,349$ at a significance level of 5 percent. The results of the partial correlation analysis show a positive and significant relationship between students' Learning Independence and the results of Food Processing and Serving practices with a correlation value of $korelasi\ ryx_2 = 0,439$ at a significance level of 5 percent. The results of the multiple correlation analysis show a positive and significant relationship between Basic Catering and Learning Independence and the results of the Food Processing and Presentation practicum with a correlation value of $Ryx_1x_2 = 0,34$ at a significance level of 5 percent. This means that the higher the students' Basic Catering and Learning Independence, the higher the results of Food Processing and Serving practices.