ABSTRAK

Nurul Azmi Tumeang, NIM: 5152142013. *"Hubungan Kemandirian Siswa Dengan Hasil Praktek Dasar Boga Siswa Kelas X SMK Pariwisata Imelda Medan".* **Skripsi Jurusan Pendidikan Kesejahteraan Keluarga. Program Studi Pendidikan Tata Boga. Fakultas Teknik. Universitas Negeri Medan 2020.**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui: (1) Kemandirian siswa. (2) Hasil Praktek Dasar Boga. (3) Hubungan kemandirian siswa dengan hasil praktek Dasar Boga. Desain penelitian adalah deskriptif korelasional. Lokasi penelitian di SMK Pariwisata Imelda Medan. Waktu penelitian ini dilakukan pada bulan November 2019 dengan jumlah siswa kelas X sebanyak 30 orang. Data kemandirian siswa dikumpulkan dengan menggunakan angket dan data hasil praktek dasar boga dikumpulkan dengan pengamatan. Teknik analisis data yang digunakan adalah deskriptif data, uji kecenderungan, uji persyaratan analisis dengan uji normalitas, uji linieritas, uji hipotesis dengan uji korelasi product moment.

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa, tingkat kecenderungan variabel kemandirian siswa termasuk cenderung cukup sebesar 70,00 persen dengan rata-rata (M) = 129,9 atau dalam skala nilai (M) = 70,10 persen dan Standard deviasi (Sd) = 5,21, dan hasil praktek dasar boga termasuk cenderung cukup sebesar 60,00 persen dengan rata-rata (M) = 85,23 dan Standart deviasi (Sd) = 2,49. Hasil analisis normalitas dengan db=5 pada variabel kemandirian siswa $X_{hitung} < X_{tabel}$ (7,3 < 11,07), dan hasil praktek Dasar Boga $Y_{hitung} < Y_{tabel}$ (5,55 < 11,07) adalah berdistribusi normal. Hasil analisis uji linieritas hasil praktek Dasar Boga (Y) atas kemandirian siswa (X) dengan nilai adalah $F_{hitung} < F_{tabel}$ (0,74 < 2,50) adalah Linier. Sedangkan uji keberartian dengan nilai $F_{hitung} > F_{tabel}$ (8,17 > 4,20) adalah Berarti. Hasil analisis korelasi product moment menunjukkan terdapat hubungan yang signifikan antara kemandirian siswa dengan hasil praktek dasar boga dengan nilai $r_{hitung} > r_{tabel}$ (0,509 > 0,361). Artinya semakin tinggi kemandirian siswa, maka semakin tinggi hasil praktek Dasar Boga.

ABSTRACT

Nurul Azmi Tumeang, NIM: 5152142013. "The Relationship of Student Independence with the Result of Basic Practices of Catering Class X Students of SMK Imelda Tourism Medan". Thesis Department of Family Welfare Education. Culinary Education Study Program. Faculty of Engineering. Medan State University 2020.

This study aims to determine: (1) Student independence. (2) Results of Basic Practice of Food. (3) The relationship of student independence with the results of the practice of Catering. The research design is descriptive correlational. The location of the research is at the Imelda Tourism Vocational School in Medan. When this research was conducted in November 2019 with the number of class X students as many as 30 people. Data on student independence were collected using a questionnaire and data on the results of basic culinary practices were collected by observation. The data analysis technique used is descriptive data, propensity test, test requirements analysis with normality test, linearity test, hypothesis test with product moment correlation test.

Based on the results of the study indicate that, the level of tendency of students' independence variables including tend to be quite equal to 70.00 percent with an average (M) = 129.9 or on a scale of scores (M) = 70.10 percent and Standard deviation (Sd) = 5,21 and the results of the basic practice of catering including a fairly inclined of 60.00 percent with an average (M) = 85.23 and Standard deviation (Sd) = 2.49. The results of the analysis of normality with db = 5 on the student independence variable $X_{count} < X_{table}$ (7.3 < 11.07), and the results of the practice of Basic Catering $Y_{count} < Y_{table}$ (5.55 < 11.07) are normally distributed. The results of the linearity test analysis of the results of the practice of Basic Food (Y) on the independence of students (X) with the value is $F_{count} < F_{table}$ (0.74 < 2.50) is Linear. While the significance test with the value of $F_{count} > F_{table}$ (8.17 > 4.20) is Mean. The results of the product moment correlation analysis showed that there was a significant relationship between the independence of students with the results of the practice of catering and the $r_{count} > r_{table}$ (0.509 > 0.361). This means that the higher the independence of students, the higher the results of the practice of Basic Food.