# Development of Application-Based Sepak Takraw Teaching Model and E-Learning in the Faculty of Sports Sciences Medan State University

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### Development of Application-Based Sepak Takraw Teaching Model and E-Learning in the Faculty of Sports Sciences Medan State University

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#### ABSTRACT

This study aims to improve the competence of takraw learning lectures and assist in the field of sports science, especially in the sport of sepak takraw. The media developed in the form of learning applications that are used as teaching materials in online and face-to-face learning. The learning application contains lecture materials in each face-to-face amount in the form of lecture descriptions, video variations of learning, quizzes, and other instructions that support the online learning process. This idea emerged when researchers felt the need to solve problems in the form of student difficulties in mastering learning competencies and as an alternative to learning even though the were not face to face and practiced directly during the ongoing corona virus pandemic. The research method used is a quantitative approach and uses the Research & Development (R & D) method from Sugiono by developing products, testing the effectiveness of products that achieve the desired goals. Outcomes and achievements in this research include conducting reputable international journals indexed by Skopus or Web of Science (Submit/Accepted/Published), appropriate technology, textbooks and speakers at international scientific meetings.

Keywords: Sepak takraw, Teaching model, E-Learning.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Sepaktakraw is a game with a somewhat high intricacy of development, so to be skilled at playing, it is necessary to have engine abilities that help the abilities of playing sepaktakraw, needed to support the skills of playing sepak takraw include: coordination, agility, flexibility, speed, power, strength, and endurance. [1].

The purpose of this research is expected to contribute to the learning process and sports science at Medan State University.

- Develop android-based application media and video tutorials
- As a source / learning material that can be used for the continuation of future lectures and in the era of the corona virus pandemic
- Alternative learning processes that can be applied by lecturers who support courses

 Contribution of research ideas in the fields of education and sports within the Faculty of Sports Science and in the world of sports

The Covid-19 virus pandemic experienced by all people in the world affects almost all aspects of life, not least the education aspect. Instructors and educators should teach and give material through different organization based learning applications. The hardest test for instructors who educate practicum is the trouble teachers to screen the improvement of understudies skills and knowledge in practicing teaching simulations, match simulations and match management in learning the game of sepak takraw. The application created is a learning application that contains material in every face-to-face time containing lecture material, explanation videos, learning variations videos, quizzes and questions and creates an android-based sepak takraw match scorer application which is supported by video tutorials containing the use of the application. . forms of match rules and how to play sepak takraw.



Many benefits acquired of innovation use as mixed media, since sight and sound innovation can resolve the ability mastering troubles. The motivation behind sight and sound use is to settling space constraint, time, and Astance in the preparation interaction. Sight and sound as learning asset can be part friend from the exploration cycle. This examination, the scientist has printed book and VCD mixed media intelligent as learning asset. Ta benefit of VCD mixed media intelligent decision as learning asset, to comprehend the speed of learning every competitor, can be tolerance coach since it is a program, bundle in the structure Video Reduced Circle (VCD) and a book. That can be utilized by love seat when competitor preparing autonomously as learning asset anyplace, give a target appraisal since it given extra assessment as test.

One of the objectives of the takraw theory and practice course is that students have knowledge and skills in basic sepaktakraw techniques. What is meant by basic technique is an element in the game of sepak takraw itself. These basic technical skills are needed in dealing with actual matches, without mastering the basic techniques properly and correctly, the game of sepak takraw will not take place perfectly. [2].

Sepaktakraw players must have good soccer skills to perform defensive and attacking techniques in the game of sepak takraw. Because soccer is also one of the most dominant movements in the game of sepak takraw. Silat football can be defined as a way to play the ball effectively and efficiently to get optimal results. A sepak takraw player who lacks the basic technical skills of Silat has a direct influence on the failure to quell an attack or to build an attack (smash), because soccer in the game of sepak takraw has a three uses, namely: to control, pass, and to build attacks (Smash). [3].

The method utilized in this review utilizes improvement research. Research in this learning model uses a quantitative methodology and utilizations the Research & Development (R & D) development model from Sugiono. The results of the application-based learning media developed are still in the initial validation stage with material experts, where the criteria discussed with material experts are designing lecture materials that are in accordance with the stages of motion, and the design of learning variation models that are designed in such a way can be done independently, individually, or in groups. The conclusion of this research is. In takraw learning lectures, where one of the skills of this talk is that understudies shold have the option to turn into teachers or coaches in providing material and must be able to make or manage sepak takraw matches.

#### 2. METHOD

The met 2d utilized in this review utilizes improvement research. Research in this learning model uses a quantitative methodology and utilizations the Research & Development (R & D) development model from Sugiono. The research population was all PJKR students of physical education and Recreational Health Semester IV. The sample of the study was PJKR FIK Unimed students who took the sepak takraw course.

The data collection used in this study is by using a test. The test that will be used is a test of the basic technical ability of the sepak takraw game.

#### 3. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

In this study, the data analysis used is to test the effectiveness of 12 learning application media that has been designed. The da analysis used is the t-test. The results of data analysis can be seen in the table below:

T

			Gr	oup Stat	istics				
	Sepak Takraw Learning Tech	hniques		N	Mean	Std.		Std. Error Mea	1
						Deviation			
Sepak	Pre-Test Sepak Sila			30	64,20	4,3	3		7,91
Takra	Po-Test Sepak Sila			30	80,77	4,3	3		7,92
w	-								
Learni									
ng Outco									
mes		9							
		Ind	ependent	Samples	Test				
	Levene's Test for Equali	ity of			t-test for	Equality of	Means		
	Variances								
	F	Sig.	T	Df	Sig. (2-	Mean	Std.	95% Confide	nce
					tailed)	Differ	Err	Interval of t	he
						ence	or	Differenc	е
							Diff	Lower	
							eren	Lower	
							ce		



										e
										r
Sepak	Equal	0,14	9,07	-14,80	58	0,00	-16,56	1,1	-18,80	-
Takra	variances							9		1
w	assumed									4
Learni										,
ng										3
Outco										2
mes										
	Equal			-14,80	58,00	0,00	-16,56	1,1	-18,80	-
	variances							9		14,
	not									32
	assumed									

Based on the table above, it can be concluded that the results of the pre-test and the post-test in learning the basic techniques of the gam 16 f takraw have a significant value. Due to the value of Sig.(2-tailed) of 0.000 <0.05,

on the pre-test and the po-test. Therefore, the results of the pre-test and po-test scores in learning the basic techniques of the takraw game a stated to have significant differences, these results can be seen in the Independent Samples Test table

Table 2. Takraw heading learning T Test

Group Statistics									
Sepak Takraw Learning	Techniques	N	Mean	Std.	Std. Error Mean				
				Deviation					
Sepak Takraw	Pre-Test Heading	30	61,93	6,54	1,19				
Learning Outcomes	Po-Test Heading 8	30	81,57	5,90	1,07				
	T1	- 1 + C							

Le vene's t-test for Equality of Means

Test for Equality of Variances

F Sig. T df Sig. (2- Mean Std. Error toiled) Difference Diff

					tailed)	Difference	Differenc	Interval o	f the
							e	Differer	nce
								Lower	Up
									per
Sepak Equal	0,15	9,04	-12,20	58	00,00	-19,63	1,60	-22,85	-
Takraw variances									16,
Learnin assumed									41
g Equal			-12,20	57,37	00,00	-19,63	1,60	-22,85	-
Outcom variances									16,
es not assumed									41

1 Based on the table above, it can be concluded that the results of the pre-test and the post-test in learning the heading of the game 10 akraw have a significant value. Due to the value of Sig.(2-tailed) of 0.000 <0.05, then there is a significant difference between the scores on the

pre-test and the po-test. Therefore, the results of the pretest and po-test scores in learning the heading of the takraw game are stated to have significant differences, these results can be seen in the Independent Samples Test

Table 3. Service Takraw Learning T Tes

Group Statistics									
Sepak Takraw Learning Tec	hniques	N	Mean	Std.	Std. Error				
				Deviation	Mean				
Sepak Takraw Learning	Pre-Test Service	30	64,13	6,92	1,26				
Outcomes	Po-Test Service	30	81,33	4,74	8,66				
Independent Samples Test									

95% Confidence



		Levene for Eq of Var	uality			t-test for Equality of Means				
		F	Sig.	ţ	df	Sig. (2- taile	Mean Differen ce	Std. Error Differe	Interva Diffe	nfidence al of the erence
Sepak	13 Equal	4,99	0,29	-11,22	58	d) 0,00	-17,20	1,53	-20,26	-14,13
Takra w Learni	variances assumed Equal			-11,22	51,31	00,0	-17,20	1,53	-20,27	-14,12
ng Outco mes	variances not assumed									

Based on to table above, it can be concluded that the results of the pre-test and the post-test in learning the basic techniques of the servisof takraw have a significant value. Due to the value of Sig.(2-tailed) of 0.000 <0.05, then there is a significant difference between the

on the pre-test and the po-test. Therefore, the results of the pre-test and po-test scores in learning the basic techniques of servis and stated to have significant differences, these results can be seen in the Independent Samples Test table.

Table 4. Smash Takraw Learning T Tes Tabel

				Grou	p Statisti	es				
		Sepak Tak	raw Lear	ning	N	Mean	Std.	Std. Erro	r Mean	
Techniques		S			I	Deviation				
Sepak Tal	kraw	Pre-Test	Smash		30	63,63	5,25	9,60		
Learning		Po-Test S	mash		30	80,70	5,42		9,91	
Outcomes	s			7						
				Inde	pendent	Samples Test				
		Lever Test t Equalit Variar	for y of			t-test fo	or Equality of	Means		
		F	Sig.	T	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Differen ce	Std. Error Differenc e	95% Cont Interval Differe	of the
									Lower	Upper
Sepa k Takr	Equal variances assumed	0,76	7,84	-12,37	5	8 0,00	-17,06	5 1,3	7 -19,82	14, 30
aw Lear ning Outc omes	Equal variances not assume	d		-12,37	57,9	4 0,00	-17,06	5 1,3	7 -19,82	14, 30

Based on the table above, it can be concluded that the results of the pre-test and the post-test in learning the basic techniques of smash takraw have a significant value Due to the value of Sig.(2-tailed) of 0.000 <0.05, then there is a significant difference between the scores on the pre-test and the po-test. Therefore, the results of the pre-test and po-test scores in learning the basic techniques of smash are stated to have significant differences, these results can be seen in the Independent Samples Test table.

Based on the overall results of the t-test on learning basic takraw techniques, the results of the pre-tet and potest scores have a significant value. Because all the basic

techniques of learning takraw starting from Silat, Heading, serving and smash have a Sig. (2-tailed) value of 0.000 < 0.05, then there is a significant difference between the scores on the pre-test and the po-test on learning basic technique of takraw game.

#### 4. CONCLUSION

From the consequences of the information examination above, it very well may be reasoned that it is important to utilize Android application-based media innovation as an understudy concentrate on space to acquire rivalry the board capability without meeting up



close and personal or lead match recreations in the field. The application that will be made is an android-based sepak takraw match scorer application that is upheld by video instructional exercises containing the utilization of the application, types of match rules and how to play sepak takraw.

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