

ABSTRAK

M. Ibnu Rosyid, NIM. 5151122008 : Pengembangan Media Pembelajaran Interaktif Berbasis *Adobe Flash Animate Cc* Untuk Mata Pelajaran Pekerjaan Dasar Otomotif (Pdto) Kelas X Teknik Kendaraan Ringan Di Smk Swasta Mandiri Percut Sei Tuan. Skripsi. Fakultas Teknik Universitas Negeri Medan. 2019.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk: (1) Mengembangkan media pembelajaran interaktif berbasis *Adobe Flash Animate CC* yang dikembangkan untuk materi *Special Service Tools* dalam pembelajaran Pekerjaan Dasar Teknik Otomotif (PDTO); (2) Mengetahui kelayakan media pembelajaran interaktif berbasis *Adobe Flash Animate CC* yang dikembangkan untuk materi *Special Service Tools* dalam pembelajaran Pekerjaan Dasar Teknik Otomotif (PDTO); (3) Mengetahui peningkatan hasil belajar dengan media pembelajaran interaktif berbasis *Adobe Flash Animate CC* yang dikembangkan pada materi *Special Service Tools* dalam pembelajaran Pekerjaan Dasar Teknik Otomotif (PDTO). Jenis penelitian ini adalah R&D (*Research and Development*) dengan model pengembangan Borg and Gall yang terdiri dari 10 langkah yang di padukan dengan model pembelajaran ADDIE yaitu 1) *Analysis* (Analisa); 2) *Design* (Desain); 3) *Deveploment* (Pengembangan); 4) *Implementation* (Implementasi/Eksekusi); 5) *Evaluation* (Evaluasi/Umpam Balik) . Subjek penelitian adalah siswa kelas X TKR sebanyak 70 orang dan guru PDTO SMK Swasta Mandiri Percut Sei Tuan. Data yang diperoleh berupa data deskriptif dan kuantitatif. Hasil validasi dinyatakan valid yaitu penilaian ahli materi 84% dengan kategori sangat baik dan ahli media 83% dengan kategori baik. Tingkat kelayakan yang dinilai oleh siswa rata-rata adalah 84% dengan kategori sangat baik. Hasil belajar siswa kelas eksperimen berbeda dengan hasil belajar kelas kontrol. Dibuktikan dengan uji *Independent sample t test* data *posttest* menujukkan nilai sig. (2-tailed) $0,080 > 0,05$ Hasil belajar siswa kelas eksperimen lebih baik (nilai rata-rata 83,77) daripada hasil belajar siswa kelas kontrol (nilai rata-rata 75,42). Dari hasil pengaplikasian uji t terhadap kelas eksperimen dan kelas kontrol ada perbedaan efektivitas yang signifikan antara kedua kelas, dibuktikan dengan nilai sig ($0,765 > 0,05$). Penelitian ini mengimplikasikan bahwa pentingnya penggunaan media dalam pembelajaran siswa terutama dalam hasil belajar siswa pada materi *special service tools*.

Kata Kunci: Multimedia Interaktif Pekerjaan Dasar Teknik Otomotif , Hasil Belajar Special Service Tools, R&D.

ABSTRACT

M. Ibnu Rosyid, NIM. 5151122008 : Development Of Adobe Flash Animate Cc Based Interactive Learning Media For Automotive Basic Teaching (Pdto) 1ST Grade Light Vehicle Engineering Technique In Vocational School Of Mandiri Percut Sei Tuan. Thesis. Facultyof Engineering Medan State University. 2019.

This research aims to: (1) Develop interactive learning media based on Adobe Flash Animate CC developed on the Special Service Tools material in learning Basic Automotive Engineering Works (PDTO); (2) Knowing the feasibility of interactive learning media based on Adobe Flash Animate CC developed in the Special Service Tools material in learning Basic Automotive Engineering Works (PDTO); (3) Determine the increase in interactive learning media based on Adobe Flash Animate CC developed in the Special Service Tools material in learning Basic Automotive Engineering Works (PDTO). This type of research is RnD (Research and Development) with the Borg and Gall development model which consists of 10 steps that are combined with the ADDIE learning model, namely 1) Analysis; 2) Design; 3) Deveploment; 4) Implementation; 5) Evaluation; The subjects of the study were 70 of 1st grade vocational students and PDTO teachers from Percut Sei Tuan Private Vocational School. The data obtained in the form of descriptive and quantitative data. The results of the validation were declared valid namely 84% expert judgment material with very good category and 83% media expert with good category. The level of eligibility assessed by students on average is 84% with a very good category. Student learning outcomes in the experimental class are different from the results of the control class learning. Evidenced by the Independent sample t test posttest data shows the value of sig. (2-tailed) $0.080 > 0.05$ Student learning outcomes of the experimental class were better (average value 83.77) than the learning outcomes of control class students (mean value of 75.42). From the results of the application of the t test to the experimental class and the control class there were significant differences in effectiveness between the two classes, as evidenced by the sig value ($0.765 > 0.05$). This study implies that the importance of using media in student learning, especially in student learning outcomes on special service tools material.

Keywords: Basic Work Automotive Engineering Interactive Multimedi Learning Outcomes Special Service Tools, R&D