

**PERBANDINGAN EFEKTIVITAS PEMBELAJARAN MODEL INKUIRI
TERBIMBING DAN MODEL PEMBELAJARAN LANGSUNG PADA
MATERI SISTEM PENCERNAAN MAKANAN PADA MANUSIA
DI KELAS XI SMA SW DHARMA PANCASILA
MEDAN T.P 2017/2018.**

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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui perbandingan efektivitas model pembelajaran inkuiri terbimbing dan model pembelajaran langsung pada materi pokok sistem pencernaan makanan pada manusia di kelas XI IPA SMA Sw Dharma Pancasila Medan Tahun Pembelajaran 2017/2018. Pada penelitian ini dilakukan pengumpulan data berupa hasil belajar, ketercapaian indikator, penguasaan materi siswa, sikap ilmiah siswa dan aktivitas siswa. Pembelajaran ini dilaksanakan untuk mengetahui perbandingan efektivitas pembelajaran dengan hasil belajar di kelas inkuiri terbimbing 81.94 dan kelas pembelajaran langsung 79.37, perbandingan efektivitas dapat dilihat pada ketuntasan belajar individu di kelas inkuiri terbimbing sebesar 84.30 dan di kelas pembelajaran langsung 79.37, tingkat penguasaan materi siswa di kelas inkuiri terbimbing 81.94 dan tingkat penguasaan materi siswa di kelas pembelajaran langsung 82.54, perbandingan efektivitas tingkat pencapaian indikator di kelas inkuiri terbimbing sebesar 90% dan di kelas pembelajaran langsung sebesar 72.11%, perbandingan aktivitas siswa juga dapat dilihat di kelas inkuiri terbimbing sebesar 86.34 dan di kelas pembelajaran langsung sebesar 75.36 dapat dikatakan efektif karena sudah mencapai kriteria efektivitas yaitu ≥ 75 , dan pada sikap ilmiah siswa dapat dilihat perbandingan efektifitas pembelajaran di kelas inkuiri terbimbing sebesar 75.29 dan di kelas pembelajaran langsung sebesar 74.62. Adanya perbandingan tersebut juga terbukti melalui pengujian hipotesis hasil belajar dengan menggunakan uji-t dan taraf nyata $\alpha = 0.05$ dimana $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ ($6,67 > 1,98$), tingkat belajar individu $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ ($2,98 > 1,98$), tingkat penguasaan materi siswa $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ ($2,46 > 1,98$) aktivitas siswa $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ ($4,52 > 1,98$), sikap ilmiah siswa $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ ($4,48 > 1,98$) yang berarti dalam penelitian ini H_1 diterima sekaligus menolak H_0 . Sehingga dapat disimpulkan ada perbandingan efektivitas yang diajar menggunakan model pembelajaran Inkuiri Terbimbing dengan model pembelajaran langsung pada materi sistem pencernaan makanan pada manusia di kelas XI IPA SMA Dharma Pancasila Medan T.P 2017/2018

Kata Kunci : Efektivitas, Model Pembelajaran Tipe *Inkuiri terbimbing*, Hasil Belajar.

**COMPARISON OF LEARNING EFFECTIVENESS OF INKUIRI
MODELS AND LIVE LEARNING MODEL ON MATERIALS
OF FOOD DYES SYSTEM IN HUMANS IN CLASS
XI SMA SW DHARMA PANCASILA
MEDAN T.P 2017/2018.**

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ABSTRACT

This study aims to determine the comparative effectiveness of guided inquiry learning model and direct learning model on the main material of human digestion system in class XI Science High School Sw Dharma Pancasila Medan Learning Year 2017/2018. In this study conducted data collection in the form of learning outcomes, achievement indicators, mastery of student materials, students' scientific attitudes and student activism. This learning was conducted to find out the comparison of the effectiveness of the learning with the learning outcomes in the guided inquiry classroom 81,94 and the 79.37 direct learning class, the comparison of effectiveness can be seen in individual learning completeness in the guided inquiry class of 84.30 and in the 79.37 direct learning class, the level of mastery of the student material in the inquiry class guided 81.94 and the level of mastery of the student material in the class of direct learning 82.54, the comparison of the effectiveness of the achievement level of indicators in the guided inquiry class by 90% and the direct learning class of 72.11%, the comparison of student activity can also be seen in the guided inquiry classroom of 86.34 and class of direct learning 75.36 can be said to be effective because it has reached effectiveness criterion that is ≥ 75 , and at student's scientific attitude can be seen comparison of learning effectivity in guided inquiry class equal to 75.29 and in direct learning class se large 74.62. The comparison is also proven by testing the hypothesis of learning result by using t-test and real level $\alpha = 0.05$ where $t_{count} > t_{table}$ ($6,67 > 1.98$), individual learning level $t_{count} > t_{table}$ ($2.98 > 1.98$), student mastery level $t_{count} > t_{table}$ ($2.46 > 1.98$) student activity $t_{hitung} > t_{table}$ ($4.52 > 1.98$), scientific attitude of students $t_{count} > t_{table}$ ($4.48 > 1.98$) which means in this study h_1 accepted at the same time reject h_0 . So it can be concluded there is a comparison of the effectiveness of teaching using Inquiry learning model Guided by direct learning model on food digestion system material in human class XI IPA SMA Dharma Pancasila Medan T.P 2017/2018

Keywords: Effectiveness, Learning Model Guided Inquiry Type, Learning Outcomes.