

## CHAPTER V

### CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTION

#### 5.1 Conclusion

After the data was analyzed, it was written and scrutinized in the previous chapter. It was discovered that constative and performative have a role to deliver an understanding of information conveyed in the speech to the listeners. So, it is important to know about constative and performative utterances, especially in the speeches. The importance of understanding of constative and performative utterances research upon the Jokowi's speeches has been done and the result can be concluded as the following.

- a. There are eleven types of constative used by Jokowi in his speeches, such as affirming, alleging, announcing, answering, concurring, disclosing, identifying, informing, predicting, reporting and stipulating. Reporting dominantly is used in Jokowi speeches. Denying can not found in Jokowi speeches, because the speaker did not use deny utterances in his speeches. In performative utterances, Jokowi used all types of performative utterances, such as verdictives, exertives, commissives, behabitives and expositives. Commissive dominantly is used in Jokowi speeches.
- b. The realization of constative and performative utterances in speech acts used in Jokowi speeches. Jokowi used the form of indirect speech acts in constative. In performative utterances, Jokowi used direct and indirect speech act.

- c. Jokowi used constative and performative utterances to persuade the listeners to participate in the improvement of Indonesia.

## 5.2 Suggestions

The study of constative and performative acts are interesting to be discussed because it gives knowledge and deep understanding for the readers who intend to build their ability on a good communicative competence. So, the researcher offers some suggestion as follows:

- a. It is suggested that the lectures of pragmatics should develop the theory of constative and performative utterances used by exemplifying the theory with the speeches discourse by which the lectures can be enlivened and student's interest in research can be aroused.
- b. Other researchers who are interested in investigating the same field to fill the gap especially on denying as a type of constative that cannot be found and fulfilled in this research.
- c. The researcher will hopefully give more attention to constative and performative utterances because it can help the audience in understand and get information from the speech especially in Jokowi speeches.