

**PENGARUH PEMBERIAN EKSTRAK DAUN MENGKUDU (*Morinda citrifolia*) TERHADAP TINGKAT KEMATIAN LARVA *Aedes aegypti* INSTAR III IN VITRO**

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**ABSTRAK**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh ekstrak daun mengkudu (*Morinda citrifolia*) terhadap tingkat kematian larva *Aedes aegypti* instar III dan konsentrasi yang tepat mematikan larva *Aedes aegypti* sebesar 50% (LC50) dan 95% (LC95). Jenis penelitian ini adalah eksperimental. Subjek penelitian ini adalah larva *Aedes aegypti* instar III sebanyak 875 ekor. Subjek dibagi dalam 1 kelompok kontrol dan 6 kelompok perlakuan dengan masing-masing 4 kali ulangan dengan taraf konsentrasi 0% (Kontrol), 10%, 15%, 20%, 25%, 30%, 35% (perlakuan). Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan cara menghitung jumlah kematian larva *Aedes aegypti* instar III setelah pemaparan selama 24 jam. Data tersebut diolah dengan analisis Anava dan analisis probit. Dengan Uji Anava, maka  $H_0$  ditolak, atau dengan kata lain terdapat pengaruh ekstrak daun mengkudu terhadap tingkat kematian larva *Aedes aegypti* instar III. Dari analisis probit didapatkan LC<sub>50</sub> sebesar 22,38% dengan aplikasi minitab. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian diatas dapat disimpulkan bahwa ekstrak daun mengkudu (*Morinda citrifolia*) berpengaruh terhadap tingkat kematian larva *Aedes aegypti* instar III *in vitro* dengan LC<sub>50</sub> sebesar 22,38% dan LC<sub>95</sub> sebesar 38,72%.

**Kata Kunci :** Ekstrak daun mengkudu, *Aedes aegypti*, instar III



**THE EFFECT OF NONI'S EXTRACT LEAVES (*Morinda citrifolia*) ON  
THIRD INSTAR *Aedes aegypti* LARVA'S MORTALITY IN VITRO**

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**ABSTRACT**

The aims of the study are to determine the influence of noni extract leaves on third instar *Aedes aegypti* larva mortality and the 50% lethal concentration (LC<sub>50</sub>) and 95% lethal concentration (LC<sub>95</sub>). The study was experimental laboratory. The subject of research was 875 third instar larvae. The sample was devided into 1 control group and 6 experimental groups, each had 4 repetitions with concentration reached 0% (control), 10% ; 15% ; 20% ; 25% ; 30% ; 35%. The results were achieved on the third instar *Aedes aegypti* death sum after 24 hour. The results were analyzed by ANOVA and probit analysis.  $F_{\text{count}} > F_{\text{table}}$  has been obtained by the anova test, which means H<sub>0</sub> is rejected, or in the other word, it shows that the influence noni's extract leaves (*morinda citrifolia*) on third instar *aedes aegypti* larva's mortality *in vitro* was present. The LC<sub>50</sub> is 22.38% and LC<sub>95</sub> is 38.72% by probit analysis used Minitab application. The study show that noni's extract leaves (*morinda citrifolia*) have influence for third instar *Aedes aegypti* larva's mortalty *in vitro* with LC<sub>50</sub> 22.38% and LC<sub>95</sub> 38.72%.

**Keywords:** noni's extract leaves, *Aedes aegypti*, third instar.

