CHAPTER V
CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

5.1. Conclusion

This study was focusing primarily on the code-mix of Filipino teachers’ in Medan. It aimed in describing the types of code-mix being used, how the teachers’ did the code-mix and the reasons behind the Filipino teachers in Medan made the code-mix. Based on the findings, conclusions were drawn as the following.

(1) There were three types of code-mixing that can be found in Filipino teachers in Medan. These were Word insertion which was subdivided into i) **Word insertion**; the word insertion were subcategorized into seven which were word, phrase, hybrid clause, reduplication, Idioms, clause and tag insertion ii) **Alternation** and ii) **Congruent lexicalization**. Congruent lexicalizations were also subcategorized into three such as *intra-sentential mixing, intra lexical code-mixing and involving a change of pronunciation*. In word insertion only hybrid clause insertion was not found, while in Congruent lexicalization only involving of a change of pronunciation was not found.

(2) There were six ways that can be found in code-mix among Filipino teachers here in Medan. Here are some follows: (1) Tag+Lish (2) Tag+B.Indo+Bis (3) Tag+Eng+Bis (4) Tag+B.Indo (5) B.Indo+Bis+lish (6) Tag+B.Indo+lish.
(3) The reasons that the Filipino teachers’ code-mix varied from different concerns such as: (1) To maintain the Uniqueness of Identity, (2) To prolong interaction maintaining of the continuation of interaction. (3) They wanted to develop some kind of privacy. (4) They want to create an identity. (5) They repeat to add an emphasis. (6) Absence of Relevance Word. (7) Pride of Identity. (8) Bilingualism or Multilingual (9) They felt they were competitive workers abroad. These reasons boiled down as a form of creativity that code-mixing was used in order to find an immediate solution to the words needed to fill-in and to deliver the message in order to be understood.

5.2. Suggestions

In relation to the conclusion stated above, some constructive points were suggested as the following:

(1) The researcher suggested that Filipinos should strengthen the use of their own variety or dialect, with the advent of human migration. As such, they can still preserve and keep the purity of the language. Since code-mixing is a great phenomenon, they can creatively form new words or phrases within their context while keeping their own variety or dialect pure and not mixing-up with other foreign languages.

(2) Language has life and that is why code-mixing exist, the researcher suggested that further research has to be made on code-mixing among other Filipino overseas workers to find out how other Filipino variety or
dialect have been developed and propagated by Filipinos working abroad since the Philippines is one of the largest producers of human workforce in the world today.

(3) Finally, the researcher suggested to do further research on Filipino code-mix focusing on factors on Filipino workers that works in other part of the world.