CHAPTER V CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

After analyzing the data of the *Reader's Digest* magazine, conclusions are drawn as the following.

- (1) There were three types of reference proposed by Halliday and Hasan. All of the types were found in health articleof the *Reader's Digest* magazine on March and April 2016 edition. The total of personal reference is 40.49%, demonstrative reference is 32.34%, and comparative reference is 27.17%. Therefore, the most frequent type of reference was personal reference from the total number of occurences of the eight articles.
- (2) The process of using reference which were found in eight health articles, First was personal reference. There were we, you, they, it, its, we, our, them, us, your, their, ourselves, I, my, and yourself. All of them referred to people (the readers) or things (like devices, exercises). Second was demonstrative reference. There were the, these, this, that, those, then, and there. All of them referred to the specific things that are talked in the previous or next clause or sentence. Third was comparative reference. There were more, most, some, best, rather, other, slowest, somewhere, greater, older, less, same, many, such as, worse, deeper, likely, like, longer, as little as, bigger, few, inner, higher, lower, much, as long as, louder, nearest, as well as, better, different, as, as much as, the same, any, safer, others, easier, over, least, the latest, newer, otherwise, larger, harder.

All of them referred to similarity or difference of the things. They showed identity (some), similarity (same, such), difference (other, different), numerative (more, fewer), epithet (bigger, higher).

B. Suggestion

In relation to the conclusions, suggestions are staged as the following.

- (1) The students of English Department should develop and increase their knowledge about application of reference in some medias such as magazine, because mastering reference can guide them to get the message easily by enabling them to follow the flow of the text passage.
- (2) The journalists should understand reference when they wrote a text or an article and even when they spoke to their speakmate, because by knowing reference can help them to deliver their ideas easily and make their article or text more easily understanding and interesting. When one does the reduplication, it may bring misunderstanding and wasting time to process the passage or information of the text.

