

## ABSTRAK

Hilda Aini Siregar. NIM. 708310061. Pengaruh Model *Explicit Instruction* Terhadap Hasil Belajar Akuntansi Siswa Kelas X di SMK Negeri 1 Binjai Tahun Ajaran 2011/2012. Skripsi. Jurusan Pendidikan Ekonomi Program Studi Pendidikan Akuntansi Fakultas Ekonomi Universitas Negeri Medan. 2012.

Masalah dalam penelitian ini adalah rendahnya hasil belajar akuntansi siswa. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh *Explicit Instruction* dan Pembelajaran Konvensional Terhadap Hasil Belajar Akuntansi Siswa Kelas X di SMK Negeri 1 Binjai Tahun Ajaran 2011/2012.

Penelitian ini dilaksanakan di SMK Negeri 1 Binjai tahun ajaran 2011/2012 di Jalan Samanhudi No.20 Binjai. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah seluruh siswa kelas X AK yang terdiri dari 2 kelas dan pengambilan sampel secara acak teknik pengumpulan data penelitian yaitu tes berbentuk essay test yang berjumlah 5 soal. Tes ini dikutip langsung dari buku teks yang relevan sehingga validitas dan realibilitasnya telah teruji. Teknik analisa data yang digunakan adalah menentukan rata-rata dan standart deviasi, menghitung normalitas, menghitung homogenitas dan uji hipotesis uji t.

Hasil analisis data diperoleh nilai rata-rata siswa kelas eksperimen = 73,20 dengan SD = 8,79 dan nilai rata-rata siswa kelas kontrol 63,80 dengan SD = 9,13. Hipotesis dalam penelitian ini di uji dengan uji "t", pada taraf signifikan (taraf kepercayaan)  $\alpha = 0,05$ . Dari data perhitungan hipotesis diperoleh  $t_{hitung} = 3,76 >$  dan  $t_{tabel} = 2,028$ .  $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$  yaitu  $3,76 > 2,028$  dengan kata lain Ha diterima.

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa hasil belajar yang diajarkan dengan model *Explicit Instruction* lebih tinggi daripada hasil belajar akuntansi yang diajarkan dengan metode konvensional di SMK Negeri 1 Binjai Tahun Ajaran 2011/2012.

Kata kunci : Hasil Belajar Akuntansi, Model *Explicit Instruction*, Metode Pembelajaran Konvensional.



## ABSTRACT

Hilda Aini Siregar. Reg Number. 708310061. The Influence *Explicit Instruction* against the Learning Result Accounting of class X of SMK Negeri 1 Binjai In Academic year 2011/2012. Thesis. Department of Economic Education Program Study Of Accounting Education Faculty of Economics State University Of Medan. 2012.

The problem in this research is the lower of learning result of accounting students. The purpose of this research is know influence between *Explicit Instruction* and conventional learning to student accounting learning result to the second grade of accounting department student of SMK Negeri 1 Binjai in academic year 2011/2012.

The research was held in SMK Negeri 1 Binjai in academic year 2011/2012 at Samanhudi Street No. 20 Binjai. The population of this research included all student in the class X of Accounting Department and samples were taken by using a random sampling method. The research instrument is essay test which consist 5 items. The test was taken from the package books so that the validity was consider to be realible. The data analyzed by calculating the avarage grade and standart deviation, normalitas, homogenitas and hypothesis.

The result of research show the average value of students were experimental class = 73,20 with SD = 8,79 compared with the average value of student is learning result the are taught by using conventional learning model that is = 63,80 with SD = 9,13. The hypothesis tested of this research used t-test at the level significance (confidence level)  $\alpha = 0,05$ . From the hypothesis analysis was obtained  $t_{count}$  is 3,76 and  $t_{table}$  is 2,028. So the hypothesis found  $t_{count} > t_{table}$  is 3,76 > 2,028 so that  $H_a$  can be accepted.

Besad of the research can be condusion that the learning process that taught by using Explicit Instruction higher than the learning process of accounting by using conventional method SMK Negeri 1 Binjai years of study 2011/2012.

Keyword : Result Learning Accounting, Model *Explicit Instruction*, conventional learning.

